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King visits London embassy

LONDON (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein visited the Jordanian embassy in London Monday and mer with Ambassador Fuad Ayoub and embassy staff. The King, who was accompanied by His Royal Highness Prince Hamzeh, discussed Middle East developments and Jordan's stand. He was briefed on the embassy's directives concerning the

Maihas holds talks with Fathi Arafat

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Health Abdul Rahim Malhas met Monday with Palestinian Red Crescent Society President Dr. Fathi Arafat and discussed with him cooperation between the ministry and the society. Dr Arafat voiced interest in forming a joint committee to consult and coordinate issues related to health. Dr. Malhas expressed Jordan's readiness to cooperate with the society to establish a health system in order to raise the health standards of raise the meaning people. The meeting was attended by Palestine Ambassador to Jordan Al Tayyeb Abdul Rahim.

Israelis are disappointed — poll

la jor back

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Nearly seven out of 10 Israelis are disappointed by the meagre results so far of the Palestinian autonomy agreement, according to an opinion poll published Monday. The Yediot Aharanot newspaper survey found 67 per cent of Israeli Jews expected more, while 24 per cent were satisfied and nine per cent expected less. However, support for the accord remained steady at 48 per cent over the last month. r cent of the population were against the Sept. 13 deal, six per cent expressed no opinion. The 48 per cent backing today was the same as when the last poll was released on Nov. 19. However. support has fallen since Sept. 15 when 61 per cent of Israeli Jews backed the agreement.

Hamas may take part in elections — official

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip (AFP) — One of the founders of the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) said Monday Hamas could take part in legislative elections in the occupied territories. Ibrahim Al Yazuri told AFP here the organisation's participation would "depend on the aim" of the elections. "If the goal is to elect a parliament with the power to legislate, it is highly likely we will take part. If they : are only aimed at electing an executive authority we will refuse to take part," Sheikh Yazuri said. While the jailed spiritual leader of Hamas, Sheikh Ahmad Yassin, has argued for participation in legislative elections, other Hamas officials outside the occupied territories have opposed his

Campbell steps down as party leader

Michael Jak

epertedit's

OTTAWA (AP) — Kim Campbell, who served briefly as Canada's first woman prime minister earlier this year, stepped down Monday as leader of the progressive conservative Party. Her resignation cleared the way for Jean Charest to take over as the Conservative leader. "I am writing today to tender my resignation as national leader," Ms. Campbell said in a letter to Gerry St. Germain, Tory Party presi-

Wife says Libyan ex-diplomat missing

CAIRO (AP) — A major Li-byan dissident has disappeared from a Cairo hotel and may have been kidnapped by Libyan agents, a Libyan opposition group and his family said Monday. Mansur R. Kikhia, 62, Libya's foreign minister in the early 1970s and ambassa-dor to the United Nations in the late 1980s, was last seen at his hotel Friday night, said Mr. Kikhia's Syrian-born American wife, Baha Omary Kikhia.

Rabin rules out deal on self-rule in 10 days

Arafat vows to weed out problems Main snag said to be crossings control

Combined agency dispatches

PALESTINIAN leader Yasser Arafat vowed Tuesday to iron out the problems holding up the implementation of the Sept. 13 autonomy accord with Israel as Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said the whole autonomy deal was likely to be delayed.

In an address to the European Parliament, Mr. Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), called for meticulous implementation of the autonomy

'Any hesitation in implementing the accord would deprive it of its dynamism and credibility," Mr. Arafat said.
"We are determined to work

tirelessly to arrive at all the conditions necessary for meticulous, complete and honest implementation of the accord. and we expect the same from

Earlier, speaking in the Hague, Mr. Arafat said there was a "serious problem" over implementation of the accord, signed in Washington on Sept.

*The credibility of the peace process will be damaged, no doubt," Mr. Arafat told a news conference, referring to his failure to reach agreement on the details of implementation at a meeting in Cairo on Sunday with Mr. Rabin.

The two leaders decided to hold further talks in the Egyptian capital in about 10 day time, postponing the Israeli troop withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho which should have

begun on Monday. Asked to comment on Mr. Rabin's statement that Israel's Definitely there is a serious problem. Otherwise, why the

delay for 10 days."

However, the PLO leader added: "Ten days is not long. Our people have lived in this tragedy for 45 years, under

"I hope that we will be able to clarify all the issues, remove all the obstacles, resolve the problems that we didn't settle during the last negotiations.

Mr. Ārafat said. On Tuesday and Wednesday he is expected in London for his first official visit to Britain. Mr. Rabin meanwhile

warned that the whole auton-omy deal is likely to be delayed and that he will not seal an implementation accord with Mr. Arafat in 10 days. "He who believes that an

agreement will be concluded in 10 days does not know what he is talking about." Mr. Rabin told Israeli political reporters. "In the next 10 days perhaps

we will reach agreement on principles, but after that the details of the agreement will have to be drawn up," Mr. Rabin added.

There are no sacred dates and I cannot give a commitment that the implementation of the agreement will be finished on-April 13."

The expected military withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho was scheduled to start on Dec. 13 and be over by April 13, to allow elections to a Palestinian autonomy council on July 13. Rabin's spokesman

Oded Ben Ami explained that even if Mr. Arafat and Mr. Rabin overcame the major issues of control of the borders with Jordan and Egypt, the control of border crossings and

would still not be signed. There are some more issues that still have to be negotiated," he told AFP. "The prime minister does not want to raise expectations.

Mr. Rabin said he had turned down a request from Mr. Arafat for joint Israeli-Palestinian border patrols.

Under the Sept. 13 deal, the two sides were to have reached within three months an interim accord detailing the transfer of power and a four-month troops withdrawal.

Mr. Rabin argued in an in-terview with military radio that implementation of autonomy depended on the situation in the Gaza Strip and Jericho.
"It has to be clear to the

Palestinians: Everything in the declaration of principles about which agreements have to be reached for implementation depend on the situation on the ground," he warned.

"If there is no agreement on these points the deadlines have no significance.

The disagreement with the PLO is over security because arms can come over the (border) lines," Mr. Rabin said in cabinet, according to Israel Radio. "And there is a question over symbols of sovereignhe added.-

Nonetheless most ministers said they were "optimistic" that the obstacles would be overcome at the next Arafat-Rabin talks, the radio said.

Despite the fanfare that greeted the peace deal. Mr. Rabin said hardships were to be expected. He vowed not to compromise on Israeli "secur-

"I said more than once there would be ups and downs, and

crisis with the PLO was "grave," Mr. Arafat said: the size of the autonomous (Continued on page 5) area of Jericho, an agreement Yeltsin gets his constitution, but may lose parliament

MOSCOW (Agencies) — The ultra-nationalist party of Vladimir Zhirinovsky was in first place in 24 out of Russia's 89 regions in elections for a new federal Russian parliament,

official estimates said Monday. Voters gave President Boris Yeltsin the strong presidential republic he wanted but seem to have rejected his reformist policies by voting heavily for communists, conservatives and extreme nationalists.

Officials predicted that results would show a contradictory vote in Sunday's elections Russians narrowly passed Mr. Yeltsin's new constitution but shattered his dream of a like-minded parliament with which he could work.

With 37 of Russia's 89 districts reporting, the openly racist Liberal Democrats headed by Mr. Zhirinovsky were leading with 23 per cent of the

The main pro-Yeltsin group, Russia's Choice, was second with 15 per cent, the Communists had nearly 11 per cent, the anti-Yeltsin Agrarian Party had 8.8 per cent and the popul-ist Women of Russia bloc followed with 8.7 per cent.

Pro-Yeltsin groups were still hoping to pull ahead in Moscow and other big cities, where the counting of paper ballots from Sunday's election was slow. But the reformers' chances were fading.

Predicting his party would win, Mr. Zhirinovsky called Monday for a ban on foreign aid, a major crackdown on crime and a halt to converting the Russian defence industry to civilian production.

He tried to play down his extremist image, saying he would cooperate with Mr. Yeltsin. "I am not a fascist," he told reporters.

Mr. Yelisin vowed to use his new power to safeguard reform and his allies offered to close ranks with Communists in a plan to isolate the ultranationalists.

In a statement published by Itar-Tass news agency. Mr. Yeltsin said approval by voters of the new constitution which expands his powers was an



The leader of the Liberal Democratic Party, Vladimir Zhirinovsky (left) explains his policy in the elections as the leader of the Communist Party of the Russian Federation, Gennady Zyuganov (background, centre) looks on, during a election party held in the Kremlin in the early hours of Tuesday (AFP photo)

endorsement of his plans for stability and continued democratic and market reforms.

"Guided by your constitu-tional choice, I will do everything possible to guarantee the irreversibility of democratic processes and put up an effective constitutional barrier to all encroachments on the revision of your democratic choice." Mr. Yeltsin said.

First Deputy Prime Minister Yegor Gaidar, one of Mr. Yeltsin's staunchest backers. called for formation of a "large anti-fascist coalition" in the new parliament which could include communists if they elected to join.

"We need to create a large coalition which would be above the danger that threatens us." Mr. Gaidar said at a news conference.

He predicted that pro-re-form blocks and communists opposed to Mr. Zhirinovsky's hardline nationalists had a "very good chance" of keeping a strong hold on legislative power and perhaps forging a controlling majority if they joined together.

World leaders welcomed the adoption of a new Russian constitution, but expressed mounting concern over the apparent surge in support for

rightwingers.
"We have not had the courage to pay the price needed to support reforms in Russia." said former Danish Foreign Minister Uffe Ellemann-Jensen in Copenhagen.

Praising the constitution vote, Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Masayoshi Takemura said in Tokyo: "We hope it will be the framework of political stability needed for Russia's democratisation and economic development.

In Bonn, German government spokesman Dieter Vogel told reporters: "The German

(Continued on page 5)



Missed pullout deadline deals severe blow to Jericho's hopes

By Mariam Shahin from Jericho

PESSIMISM appeared to creep into the hearts and minds of the Palestinian residents of Jericho as Monday's deadline for an Israeli military withdrawal was missed. Sadness, listlessness and disappointment marked the

"It was to be expected," said Rajai Abdo, general manager of the Hisham Palace Hotel. "We still have hope, but people had great hopes for this day. Naturally the decision to delay any ac-tion is a disappointment."
"Nothing will happen, to-

day, in 10 days or ever," said Ahmad, one very disappointed native of Jericho. Pessimism was evident in the eyes of almost every Jerichoite. A general strike called for by the parties affiliated to the hardline Palestinian groups demonstrate their opposition to the Sept. 13 accord and another parallel strike called for by Fateh and FIDA, the acronym for the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine — Abed Rabbo wing — to denounce the failure of Israel to

Jericho.

The office of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) was closed as well, "because Israel does not want to go," said a placard in English and Hebrew.

abide by the withdrawal date

was respected throughout

"People are upset," said Kamal Dweik, a senior member of the Jericho agricultural business community.

"Abu Khaled Al Amleh is expected to come to Jericho in a few days. Once he comes people will believe things will change," said Mr. Dweik, referring to the Amman-based PLO official who is expected to take charge of the Palestinian police force in

"Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin failed to meet the deadline and he was wrong to do so," said Mr. Dweik, who is believed to be a top contender for an agricultural ministerial post in a

Palestinian government.
The failure of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Mr. Rabin to agree on the withdrawal during Sunday's Cairo meeting shot down hopes that the whole peace process was "really serious."

'Rabin could have made a thousand concessions or even made one step. But he chose not to," said Jamal Mashal, a businessman close to the rejectionist camp.

"If he was serious, he could have gone ahead with the release of prisoners, handed over a government hospital, but he chose to undermine the whole process, only strengthening our conviction that the so called peace process is one big hoax," said Mr. Mashal. Indeed, people felt dis-heartened that not a single thing changed in Jericho on Dec. 13. Camera crews and print

iournalists filled the town square looking for a story to tell on what was to be a historic day.

Small crowds of youth chanted Fateh slogans and waved countless Palestinian flags. Groups of 30 to 50 people gathered in front of the FIDA offices with Abed Rabbo and Arafat posters chanting "Long live the old But their voices, like their

numbers, were weak. They are dependent on decisions that are not theirs to make,' said Mr. Mashal.

"Today marks the day that 3,500 prisoners were supposed to be released, said Mr. Dwelk. "By not releas ing any, Israel gave us an indication that we will continue to fight for our rights. These are prisoners of war. When a peace treaty is signed, they should be the first to feel that police has

For most people in Jericho the 10-day "delay" in Israeli withdrawal is seen as a second to last chance.

"In 10 days time, if this happens again then there will be trouble," predicted hotel manager Abdo. "To test the will of the people is one thing; they will be testing our faith and another delay will create a collapse of our faith in the peace process.

Israeli forces bombard South Lebanese villages

NABATIYEH, Lebanon (AP) Israeli troops and guerrillas clashed in some of the heaviest fighting in South Lebanon in three months Monday and Israel moved up some of its biggest guns.

Security sources said five people were wounded, includ-ing an elderly Christian priest, in the clashes that erupted at dawn and spluttered out several hours later.

The fighting flared as Israel delayed its withdrawal from the occupied Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho, which was scheduled to start Monday under the Sept. 13 peace accord with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

The clashes in the flashpoint south began when guerrillas attacked a hill top outpost at Al Tohra in Israel's self-designated speaking on condition of anonymity.
No Israeli casualties were

reported. But the Israelis north of Al Tohra, with more than 50 rounds of howitzer fire, setting several houses ablaze.

The security sources said the Israeli barrage was one of the harshest since the accord was They said a militiaman of the

Israeli-backed South Lebanon Army was wounded when guerrillas detonated a roadside bomb in the eastern sector of the "security zone" as an SLA armoured personnel carrier passed.

The Iranian-backed Hizbol-

lah daimed it carried out the two attacks. A communique claimed the guerrillas de-molished the Al Tohra position, set a Merkava tank on fire and destroyed an SLA armoured vehicle The 45-minute bombard-

ment of Nabatiyeh tapered off at 7:30 a.m. (0530 GMT), the sources said. They identified the wounded priest as the Rev. George Nasr, 84, head of the Maronite

Catholic monastery of Saint Antony in Nabativeh. Father Nasr was preparing for morning service at a girl's school in the monastery when a shell exploded near him. He was hit by shrapnel in both

The other victims were two women, Samiah Badreddin, 41, and her 17-year-old daughter Zainab, and their Sri Lankan maid, whose name was not

available.
All three suffered minor shrapnel wounds when a shell hit their house.

Nabatiyeh is the biggest town facing the central sector of the Israeli-occupied zone. Its population of 60,000 is overwhelmingly Shiite, but there are small Maronite and Eastern Orthodox communi-

Schools closed for the day as

municipal officials toured the town in loudspeaker vans, urging people to stay indoors. The sources said fire engines were called from the port city of Sidon, provincial capital of

defence volunteers put out at least six house fires in Naba-

Israeli shells also hit the nearby villages of Kfar Rumman, eastern Zawtar and western Zawtar, the sources re-Hizbollah positions in the

highlands of Iqlim Al Tuffah, fired two salvos of Katyusha rockets into the "security zone" at mid-morning, the sources said. Three projectiles exploded

in marjayoun, provincial capital of the Israeli-held enclave. and four in neighbouring Oleiaa. They caused no casualties or damage, the sources added. Schools were closed and stu-

dents were hurriedly bussed home after the Katyusha blasts. Thousands of residents scurried into basements or bomb shelters, the sources

They said the Israelis later brought in two 203-mm guns and two 175-mm howitzers. but there were no reports that the heavy guns were fired.

It was the first time Israeli has deployed 203-mm artillery in the south since it invaded Lebanon in 1982 to drive out the PLO from what was then its main power base, the sources said

They said the four big guns were positioned at the Israeli army's Khiam base in the central sector of the "security

Israeli soldiers kill 3 in Gaza

GAZA CITY, Occupied Strip (Agencies) — Israeli soldiers shot dead two Palestinians and a "suicide bomber" and wounded a dozen youths as violence crupted on the Gaza

Strip on Monday. Troops opened fire killing a Palestinian "suicide bomber" as he drove a stolen ambulance towards an army jeep, military

officials said. A soldier was lightly hurt in the resulting blast near the Nahal Oz crossing point into the central sector of the Guza

Strip.
The Islamic Jihad claimed responsibility in a leaflet which reiterated the call to liberate all of Palestine.

A 23-year-old, Kassaf Al-Sindi, a wanted member of the Islamic Jihad, died during a shootout which left two of his accomplices wounded in Rafah, on the border with Egypt. Palestinian sources

Undercover soldiers also shot dead Mohammad Moammar, a wanted activist with the Popular Front for the Libera-tion of Palestine (PFLP) in Rafah. Trouble erupted in Jabaliya

refugee camp on the edge of Gaza City and soldiers opened fire wounding seven youths. Another two Palestinians were wounded during stone-throwing in Rafah.

An unprecedented number of troops have been deployed in the occupied territories to prevent attacks to coincide with the Dec. 13 deadline for Israel to start withdrawing forces from Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho.

Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreed Sunday night to post-pone the deadline for about 10 days to try to reach an overall accord to implement autonomy under the Sept. 13 deal. Palestinians were angry but

not surprised Monday when Israel failed to start withdrawing its troops on schedule.

The people are very disappointed and depressed," said Sufian Abu Zaydah, an

official of PLO leader Yasser Arafat's Fateh faction in charge of liaison with the Israeli army. Mr. Abu Zaydah said the failure of Mr. Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to agree on implementing self-rule, during

day, would also hold up the release of Palestinian prisoners.
"We did feel that Israel would not meet its commitments," said 18-year-old student Mohammad Abdul Kader in Jabaliya from where the army was to have begun pull-

last-minute talks in Cairo Sun-

ing out of Monday. This delay may put an end to our hopes, but it's just as well because the intifada will restart," he said.

Khaled Hindi, a supporter of Hamas, warned that anger would spill over into more violence, which had already spiralled ahead of the Dec. 13 deadline. "There is a clear imbalance

between the two sides," he said. "Israel is the strongest and can impose any date it wants" to start the withdrawal from Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho. Haidar Abdul Shafi, a key

political figure in Gaza, criticised Mr. ArafatA and said the delay would serve as ammunition for the opponents of autonomy. "I expected this to happen.

But I was surprised by Arafat saying the 13th is a 'sacred' date. He made a mistake and had to come back. I hope Arafat will not make any new compromises, he said.
Dr. Abdul Shafi, who has

served as the chief Palestinian negotiator at bilateral peace talks in Washington, warned "if there is no agreement in 10 days, nothing will remain of the declaration of principles" on self-rule.

The 10 days that they

(Continued on page 5)

Angry Jericho shuts down over delay in withdrawal

JERICHO, occupied West Bank (R) — Palestinians in Jericho shut down their businesses Monday in protest at Israel's failure to start pulling out troops from the West Bank town under the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace deal.

"This is a strike to show that we are against the delay in the agreement," said Adnan Hamad, a leader of the leftist Fida party which supports the accord. He said people were "very, very angry."

Monday was the day troops were to begin withdrawing from Jericho and the occupied Gaza Strip under the peace accord signed in Washington in September. But on Sunday Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat put off the start for at least 10 days while negotiations

The PLO office in the heart of Jericho was shuttered. Scrawled across the door were written the words: "In protest against the lack of Israeli credibility in implementing the

JABALIYA REFUGEE

CAMP, occupied Gaza Strip

(AP) — Life around the only

Israeli military outpost in the

heart of one of Gaza's dusty

shantytowns feels like a war

to prove it.
On the afternoon of Jan. 17.

1993, Mr. Arbeed was standing

in the doorway of his medical

laboratory when a rubber bul-

let meant for youths throwing

stones struck him in the head.

worst battlefield in Jabaliva."

said the 27-year-old pulling

back his hairline to show his

scar. "I hope that very soon

our neighbour's will withdraw

Israel had been expected to

start pulling its soldiers out of

the Gaza Strip and the West

Bank town of Jericho on Mon-

day, under an autonomy

accord signed in September.

But Israeli Prime Minister Yit-

beration Organisation (PLO)

Chairman Yasser Arafat failed

Sunday to resolve disputes

over the planned withdrawal.

delaying the move. They said

they would talk again in 10

days and the delay would not

endanger the Israel-PLO

For the 65,000 Palestinians

in the largest refugee camp in

and we will have some peace."

"This area has been the

Khalil Arbeed has the scars

About 50 Palestinians marched through town, shouting defiant slogans but avoiding confrontation with Israeli police. "We are not terrorists, the terrorist is Rabin," they shouted.

Since the Sept. 13 peace accord Jericho — as the future seat of Palestinian interun selfgovernment — has ignored strike calls ordered by activists directing the six-year-old re-volt against Israeli rule.

Elsewhere in the occupied West Bank, Palestinians observed a general strike on Monday called by Islamic fundamentalist opponents of the peace deal. The opponents in-clude the Hamas and Islamic

Jihad groups. Israel and the PLO have so far failed to agree on who will control West Bank and Gaza crossing points with Jordan and Egypt, and on the size of the Jericho area to be evacu-

ated by Israel. PLO official Abdul Karim Sider accused Israel on Monday of failing to honour its commitment under the accord and warned the delay was

the Gaza Strip, this meant per-

petuation of a military camp in

their midst that is a potent

symbol of everything they hate

Hidden behind a veil of barbed wire and high fences.

the outpost divides the camp in

two. A 50-metre tower rising to

one side gives soldiers a bird's

eye view of everything that

For the refugees, it is a daily

reminder that they have no

Palestinian youths pelt it almost daily with stones, pro-

voking Israeli rubber or live

Mr. Arbeed's two-room

laboratory and neighbouring

groceries, pharmacies and

boutiques lie in the no-man's-

land that marks the boundary

between the Israeli troops and

They have been caught in

the cross fire since the begin-

ning of the intifada, that

walls of the run-down houses

around the post have been

pierced by bullets and dented

The Israelis have propped a

ladder against the wall of the

two-story building of Mr. Arbeed's neighbours. Sabreen

The two women run the

family pharmacy. They can

Jabaliya residents may not like

self-rule but want Israelis to quit

about the occupation.

moves in the camp.

bullets in return.

the stone-throwers.

by stones.

"The opposition are going to get a big push from this delay. The people in the streets do not trust the Israelis," Mr.

Jericho turned out in full last September to celebrate the signing of the Israel-PLO peace accord. The city is a stronghold for Mr. Arafat's Fatch movement but there has been growing frustration over the lack of changes on the ground since the historic

Young Palestinians pre-dicted failure to implement the accord would revive the revolt

"Peace is forbidden, How many people have been killed. Come down here again and you will find Hamas with a strong presence," said 13-year-old Naji.

Israelis and Palestinians had feared any delay in meeting the deadlines imposed by their peace deal would boost a drive by militant opponents on both sides to torpedo the accord.

Since the peace deal became public 39 Palestinians and 18 Israelis have been killed.

practically touch the barbed

Sharifa, 21, a pharmacist

said people are scared of shop-

ping there because of its pro-

ximity to the military outpost.

The soldiers have harassed

young men who shopped

there, asking for their identity

cards and shouting profanities

The Shrafeh sisters, who

tried to live in an apartment

over the pharmacy for two

years, moved a month ago

along with their mother.

brother and two other sisters

into their grandfather's house

to get to the roof, which they

have turned into an observa-

tion post from which they have

shot at other refugees." said

Sabreen, 19, pointing at a sol-

Popular Front for the Libera-

tion of Palestine, opposes the

land and power to the Palesti-

nians. But they still cannot

quite wait for the moment the

very neighbourly," said the girl's mother. Fehmiyya. 45.

Even though we're against

the peace agreement, we will

have a feast the day they

"These people haven't been

treement saying it

army pulls out.

dier manning the lookout. The family, followers of the

"The Israelis use the ladder

half a kilometre away.

at them.

wire from the front door.

At least one Gaza settlement is eager for immediate transfer

DUGIT. occupied Gaza Strip (AP) — Jewish settlers in this fishing village sent 35 of Dugit's 40 children to relatives in Israel on Sunday. Women

'SUICIDE AMBULANCE: An Israeli sol-

dier gestures next to a wrecked ambulance used by a "suicide bomber" from the Islamic Jihad

will leave next. The pullout had been timed to begin when Israel's army started its withdrawal from

Gaza on Monday.

Tova Goren said residents feared that the delay announced in Cairo for implementing Palestinian self-rule would only make matters worse and ignite violence in

the Gaza Strip.
"The Arabs might not accept it well. They might still attack us. Nothing has changed for me." she said.

Orit Kaliti said she will leave Tuesday unless the government took action, either to provide heavy security or move the settlement, inside Israel's pre-1967 borders. "I don't feel safe," she said.

Ms. Kaliti bore the Arabs no "This is not our land," she said. "For the peace, get us out

of here. Put us somewhere

Unlike many of the settlersin the Gaza Strip, the residents of Dugit feel no attachment to their sandy hill overlooking the

Mediterranean Sea. "We are not land of Israel types," Ms. Kaliti said, referring to the ideological settlers who maintain their right to infoughout the occupied lands is based on God's Biblical "promise of the land of Israel to the Jews."

That commitment is one of the stumbling blocks facing the first stage of Palestinian autonomy that was to begin in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho.

Many of the 120,000 Israeli settlers, including the 3,500 in the Gaza Strip, have vowed to

But Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials say the continued presence of the settlements pose a threat to Palestinian sovereignty, especially isolated ones like Dugit that are difficult for the army to protect without keeping troops in heavily populated Palestinian areas.

Dugit is compromised of 18 families, about 80 people, who applied to the government It) years ago to allot them land along the Israeli coast for a fishing village.

"We were interested in setting up a fishing village anywhere in our country." Ms. Kaliti recalled, looking over the caravans and fishing boats dotting its landscape. "We are made up of families who know only fishing."

Seven years later the offer came: The right-wing Likud Party government, committed to Jewish settlement throughout the occupied territories, offered the fishermen and their families this isolated spot in the northern Gaza Strip.

The Dugit "seed group" initial settlers was caught off guard, Ms., Kaliti said: They had expected an offer of land within Israel. It was the height of the Palestinian uprising against Israeli rule, and za was d violence.

Out of 350 families who were signed on," Ms. Kaliti said bitterly, "three turned up." Later, 15 more families followed.

As attacks by opponents to the peace talks from extremists on both sides increased in recent week, so did the determination by the Dugit settlers

against an Israeli patrol in Gaza City on Monday. The attack left the driver dead and an Israeli soldier wounded (AFP photo)

The events prompted the settlers to send their children into Israel. They are holding out, not for continued settlement, but for an alternative site, outside the Gaza Strip.

We don't want compensation," Dugit settler Voram Ravitzky told Israel Television in an appeal to the government for relocation outside the occu-pied lands. "We want people to talk to.

coast.

outside, as well.

Tova and Eyal Goren were among the last to move their children out on Monday. Their two small, blonde daughters

to leave. "On Friday, some men piled

out of a Peugeot at the gate brandishing knives," Ms. Kali-ti said: "A soldier opened fire and they got back in and sped off. Ninety minutes later. two masked men turned up at the fence. Again, soldiers chased them off.

Dugit settlers lived in caravans, Mr. Ravitzky said, and moving them to another site would not be a problem. "All we want is another site on the

"Dugit was supposed to be a fishing village." Ms. Kaliti sighed. "But the army restricted our fishing to avoid confrontation with the Arabs, so we all hold jobs on the

Ms. Kaliti's neighbour Batya Booda watched over the five remaining children in Dugit kids whose relatives were unable to take them in. A guard dog lay nearby.
"The women leave tomor-

row." she said.

were playing in the back seat. "What would you do?" Mr. Goren said as he drove out.

NEWS IN BRIEF

'Morocco to improve ties with Israel'

NEW YORK (AFP) - King Hassan II of Morocco has decided to improve his country's economic ties with Israel, a step that could lead to a normalisation of relations between both countries, the New York Times reported Monday, The paper said that the king met Friday evening in Rabar with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher and discussed with him a series of accords that are to be applied in the "immediate future with Israel. The accords call for boosting diplomatic and economic ties including increasing the number of flights and opening up the lines of communications—telephone and postal service—between Morocco and Israel. The accords also call for allowing religious and business leaders to travel to either country and to establish bank ties that could boost trade

Tehran Times calls for ties with S. Africa

TEHRAN (AFP) - A semi-official daily called Monday for Iran to establish diplomatic ties with South Africa for the first time since the 1979 Islamic revolution. The reasons for placing sanctions against South Africa seem to be disappearing." said the English-language Tehran Times. "The world is witnessing definite signs of improvement there." A diplomatic initiative towards South Africa would also boost the leader of the African National Comments. the African National Congress, Nelson Mandela, and ensure the rights of Muslims in South Africa, it said. Iran could itself benefit by renewing economic ties with "highly-industrialised" South Africa. It was the first public call for ties with Pretoria for two years. Iran has in the past bracketed South Africa along with Israel and the United States as its leading enemies. In 1991, moderate deputy Saeed Rajai Khorassani urged Iranian leaders to reestablish ties with South Africa, stirring outrage from newspapers and Islamic hardliners. Relations were broken off when the Islamic revolution toppled the pre-Western Shah.

Turkish diplomat's body sent home from Iraq

BAGHDAD (R) - The Turkish embassy on Monday sent home the body of a Turkish diplomat killed in Baghdad on Saturday. The coffin, draped in Turkish flag, was driven in an Iraqi ambulance to Habaniya airport, 60 kilometres west of Baghdad. A Turkish slage was 150 kilometres west of Baghdad. Baghdad. A Turkish plane was to fly the coffin home. The iran apposition group Mujahedeen-e-Khalq says guards at its Baghdad headquarters shot and killed the diplomat by mistake. The guards were turned over to Iraqi authorities and the Mujahedeen sent Turkey a telegramme of regret.

Pro-Kurd party in Turkey elects new leader

ANKARA (AFP) - The pro-Kurd Democracy Party (DEP) elected Hatip Dicle as its leader during a congress here Sunday aimed at distancing itself from a Kurdish rebellion in southeastern Turkey. Mr. Dicle, 38, and a deputy from Divarbakir, succeeds Yasar Kaya, who did not put himself forward for reelection. In a farewell address to a gathering of 5,000, Mr. Kaya stressed that a distinction must be made between the separatist Kurdish Labour Party (PKK), which has been locked in armed struggle against the Turkish government since 1984, and the DEP, which "is leading a democratic campaign with a definite political programme." The DEP, formed last June, currently holds 17 seats in the 450-member Turkish parliament and has been accused by right-wing Turkish politicians of serving as a parliamentary vehicle for the militant separatist PKK. But the DEP is now determined to establish itself as a movement for all democratic forces in Turkey,

Kansai airport cannot afford

TOKYO (AP) — Officials at a one trillion yen (\$9.3 billion) airport being built in western Japan have told the government they cannot afford special security precautions for Israel's El Al airlines. The issue is likely to complicate negotiations this month between Japan and Israel on an aviation treaty that would allow direct flights between the two countries. El A currently has no regular flights to Japan, and has been unable to acquire landing slots at Tokyo's Narita and Haneda airports, which are both completely full. Officials of Japan's Transport Ministry and Kansai International airport were discussing security issues involving El Al flights, including who would pay any additional costs, ministry officials said Monday. The national newspaper Asahi reported earlier that the Kansai airport had told the ministry it would refuse El Al flights if it had to pay the extra costs itself.

Turkish Cypriots elect coalition

and Sharifa Shrafeh.

NICOSIA (AFP) — The ruling party in northern Cyprus since the Turkish-Cypriots set up a breakaway republic 10 years ago has lost its monopoly on power, election results showed Monday. The make-up of a coalition

was set to determine the fate of U.N. efforts to build a federation between the Greek-and-Turkish-Cypriots after almost two decades of division. Veteran Turkish-Cypriot

leader Rauf Denktash himself engineered the fall of his centre-right National Union Party (NUP) by backing a newlyformed Democratic Party (DP) because of a dispute with his Prime Minister Dervish Erogiu.
The NUP won 29.85 per cent

of the vote in Sunday's parliamentary elections, or 17 out of 50 seats, while the DP ran a close second with 29.19 per

cent and 15 seats, according to the final results.

Political analysts said the outcome - with the DP splitting the right-wing vote — was a defeat for the NUP, which at the last election in 1990 clinched 54.60 per cent of the vote. with Mr. Denktash's support.

The centre-left Turkish Republican Party (TRP) of Ozker Ozgur, an advocate of territorial compromise with the Greek-Cypriots, won 13 seats with 24.16 per cent of Sunday's

Another leftist group, the Communal Liberation Party of Mustafa Akinci. won 13.6 per cent and five seats.

Mr. Denktash and Mr. Eroglu have been at odds over a U.N. confidence-huilding plan to reopen Nicosia airport and the Turkish-occupied town of Famagusta, with Mr. Erviglu charging that fellow hardliner

Denktash was ready to make concessions.

> On the other side of the U.N.patrolled "green line" separating the two communities, the Greek-Cypriots have accused both Mr. Denktash and Mr. Eroglu of intransigence and said their dispute served only to hold up U.N. peace moves.

The election was brought forward under pressure from Mr. Denktash and the opposition, which has boycotted parliament since 1990i.

U.N. mediators have said the polls would determine the outcome of negotiations to build a federation that have been stalled since July when Mr. Denktash stepped down as his side's negotiator.

Apart from falling out with Mr. Denktash, the NUP also lost voters because of political scandals and a weak economy.

By Barry Parker

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip — The Palestinian police force is suffering from an image problem, if not an identity crisis, in the uncertain hours before autonomy is implemented in the occupied territories.

While Israelis are asking who the new policemen are and what powers they will have, and even threatening to shoot them on sight, the Palestinians want to know when and what are they taking over, and who will control

> Where are the guns, where are the uniforms and even. when are they coming? The man who should be able to answer at least some

of the questions is keeping

silent, partly because he does

he is awaiting orders from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in Tunis.

Brigadier-General Ziad Aref has spent much of the three weeks since he arrived in Gaza to prepare the new force calming the fears of rival Palestinian factions that the police will be a political tool for repression.

Many recruits are undergoing training in Egypt and Jordan, and the rest is coming from Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) units scattered across the Arab World. "Our police will ensure hu-

man rights and act in a democratic fashion." Gen. Aref assured AFP. in the only interview he has granted so

Opponents of the PLO's Sept. 13 autonomy deal are little inclined to believe him. "There are many signs already that the future

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HOSPITALS

Palestinian authority will not work to strengthen democracv." said Ghazi Abu Jayab, Gaza head of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

Crisis of identity besets Palestinian police force at birth

"The Palestinian police that Arafat is setting up is nothing more than militia for his own Fateh group," he

Khaled Hindi, recently released from an Israeli jail for membership of the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas, voiced "fear for the way the police will treat the Islamic tendency.

And Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi is founding a body to monitor human rights under the Palestinian authority. However, the uncertainty

did not prevent thousands of Palestinians from trying to join the force which Israel

says could have as many as 15.000 light-armed officers. Gen. Aref is counting on Palestinian pride at seeing their own people in uniform in Gaza and Jericho for the first time to help overcome many of the teething prob-

Up to 6.00 police will be deployed in a first stage, the brigadier said.

Some 500 Gazans who served in the Israeli police or trained before the uprising began in December 1987 are ready to go into police stations next week.

Maintaining order will be in the hands of a national police, a security service and local police.

Palestinian sources say the Israeli army will handover a police station, a prison holding 250 Palestinians and a military court at Gaza's seafront Hof base, the biggest in

the city. The Palestinians can move in, but cannot carry weapons until Israel and the PLO reach an interim agreement on the implementation of their autonomy deal.

While Palestinians are worried about the new force. many Israelis are apoplectic

about it. Nearly one in every five of the 120,000 settlers is prepared to use a gun to resist arrest by the Palestinian police, according to an opinon poll, and one far-right deputy has threatened to shoot them on sight.

The settlers have launched a nationwide petition under the banner "Don't give guns to killers." Mr. Rabin riposted: "I am not giving anyone guns; they

will have to buy them for

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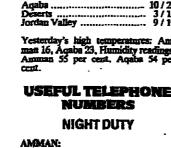
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WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Departs

It will be cloudy and rainy, tempera-tures will drop, and winds will be westerly active. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy to cloudy accompanied with showers, winds will be southerly

Min./Max. temp



NUMBERS	
NIGHT DUTY	
AMMAN: Dr. Hanna Mansour	20425 31039 51672 61912 78336 37055 23672 36730 44945 37660 23672
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Home News

Missing boy returns home on his own

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Ra'ed Hourani. the 14-year-old boy who was reported missing since Nov. 22, returned home last Thursday on his own to the great relief of his family.

Ra'ed told his family that he went to Irbid to earn money to repay a bill of credit he had signed with his school teacher.

Mouhdin Hourani, Ra'ed's father, a merchant who lives in Jabal Al Hashemi Al Shamali, said his son left his house after a family argument and did not return. The family notified all police stations and hospitals in Amman and also placed an advertisment in local newspaper with a photo of the boy in efforts to locate the boy.

While Ra'ed was still missing Mr. Hourani told the Jordan Times that he suspected that his son's school, Kuteibah Ibn Muslim, and one of its teachers were responsible for Ra'ed's dis-

appearance.
One of the school teachers knew I was a trader and convinced my son to sign a bill of credit worth JD 70, and in return, my son would buy and sell merchandise for

the teacher," the father said. When Ra'ed returned home last week he told his family he took some merchandise from his teacher and was selling it on the streets when he was picked up by police who seized the mer-

5 DON leave

at bid

The boy explained that he became frightened and his only alternative was to go to Irbid to work with construction labourers in order to earn enough money to pay his debt to his teacher, according to Mr. Hournai.
"My son was doing hard

labour, and he slept in the workshop in Irbid; and when he returned home he was in a miserable situation and had no money with him," the

Following Ra'ed return. the teacher, who's name Mr. Hourani withheld, tried to settle the problem in a triable fashion, said Ra'ed's father, but a settlement has not been satisfactorily reached, he reached, he

The father told the Jordan Times that the family was relieved by their son's return, adding that he will take no legal action against the teacher unless the police proceed with the case.

Thank God my son is back," the father said. "I took him to school the next day, and he is doing well

Accident kills 3 people

Three people including a four-month-old child were killed and 12 people were injured in a road accident on the Ain Al Hilleh-Birein-Jerash Road, Sunday, according to police.

Dead are Mustafa Bani

Ghanim (41), Ali Hassan (40) and Abdullah Mashaqbeh (four-months).

A police official told the Jordan Times that the accident, which took place at 9:30 a.m., resulted from the explosion of one of the tyres of a truck bearing Jordanian tags causing it to lose its balance and collide with a car with Saudi Arabia tags and a bus operating along the Ajloun-Amman Road.

The casualties were taken to Zarqa and Jerash hospitals for treatment, police reports

A Zarqa hospital official told the Jordan Times the hospital received two victims. the child who died upon arrival at hospital, and the mother of the child, who was undergoing surgery for head injuries she sustained.

Meanwhile, Jerash hospital officials contacted by the Jordan Times said the hospital is treating one man for an arm injury and the last two victims were released from the hospital Monday morning.

Search continues for body

Civil Defence officers continuing their search for the body of a four-year-old girl who was trapped along with her two sisters in her family's car when it slid into Wadi Al Arab Dam, Friday. The bodies on Sanaa (8) and Baraa (6) Lababneh were pulled from the dam, but authorities were unable to find Anfal, the youngest daughter of Hassan Lababneh of Jofa in Irbid.

The children were left alone in the car, while their parents went for a walk according to Captain Abdul Raouf Maaitah, director of public relations at the Civil Defence Department.
The car slid into the dam

when its hand-brake was released, probably by one of the girls, Capt. Maaitah said, adding that the car was parked at the edge of the

He told the Jordan Times negligence resulted in the death of the three children. Capt. Maaitah pointed out that a fence were erected at the southeast side of the dam, where the car was parked, it would have prevented the car from sliding into the dam. He said the darkness and

thickness of the dam's waters are hindering search efforts by Civil Defence officers to locate Anfal, adding that the department will continue its search until her body is found.

Meanwhile, according to Jordan News Agency, Petra, report, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Sunday expressed deep sympathy over the death of the three young girls and instructed the authorities to step up the search for the body of the toddler. Prince Hassan urged citizens and officials to take extra precautions to preven the recurrence of such a tragic incident.

UNRWA staff groups suspend 36-hour sit-in at agency offices

Meeting to prepare demands agenda scheduled

By Suhair Obeidat Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Staff committees of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palesti-nian Refugees (UNRWA) Monday evening suspended their 36-hour sit-in at UN-RWA headquarters upon meeting with Minister of State Adel Irsheid, who is also director of the Palestinian Affairs Department at the Foreign

Ministry. The sit-in was announced Sunday after negotiations with UNRWA Deputy Director George Carren failed to reach a compromise on demands for salary increases, improvement of conditions of health and education benefits as well as a reconsideration of the pension and annual leave schemes.

The staff committee members are scheduled to meet with Mr. Irsheid next Monday to prepare a joint working agenda to pursue the agency's staff demands, which Mr. Irsheid conveyed to Mr. Carren and UNRWA Commissioner General in Vienna Ilter

Mr Irsheid voiced the

support for the organisation's workers' "just and legitimate which have been demands."

outstanding for over a year. Defying cold weather and evening rain, 32 committee members, mostly middle-aged men, were not allowed to stage the sit-in inside the agency beadquarters and were denied permission to use the building's facilities.

Representing about 7.000 agency employees, the staff committee comprise general services, teachers, labourers and the Amman branch executive committee.

Odeh Rahal, the committees' spokesperson, said that UNRWA workers in the West Bank and Gaza Strip bave staged sit-ins since the beginning of the month and are planning a strike as of today

'We have also contacted the' UNRWA staff in Lebanon, and they are going to take similar action soon, Mr. Rahal told the Jordan Times.

The employees claim that a survey conducted by UNRWA on government institutions in

equitable results, because "the survey gave positive indication of our counterparts in the civil service, but the survey did not take into consideration the benefits enjoyed by government employees," according to Hus-sein Hreithan, head of the teachers executive committee.

The staff are objecting to agency job cuts "on the pretext of financial strains," said Mr. Rahal.

A conference of donor countries in New York last Friday, attended by representatives of 38 countries, the European Community and the Holy See. pledged financial and in-kind contributions to the UNRWA worth \$127 million.

The staff are demanding a lowering of the retirement age to 50 from 60 and the active service period to 25 instead of

"In developing countries, the end of service compensations upon resignation are at a percentage of one month to each year, but in the case of UNRWA, tens of employees died before completing 30 years of service and they were unable to collect their compensations." said Mr. Hreithan.

Patients coming to the agency's clinics are treated at a ratio of 100-120 patients to one doctor, said Mr. Hreithan, "This contradicts the mission of the agency, which claims it is a humanitarian one," he said.

Mr. Hreithan and others present at the sit-in voiced their opposition to the agency's decison to stop issuing food rations and stationery, limiting them to what it describes as "emergency cases." According to Mr. Hreithan, a majority of Palestinian refugees in Jordan are below the poverty line. Overcrowded classrooms

with 52-55 students each and minimal administration staff "negatively affect children's learning, and this a violation of children's rights," said Mr.

Some Lower House deputies visited the UNRWA headquarters Monday and voiced their supporters for the workers' demands. They included Khalil Haddadin, Bassam Emoush, Abdul Aziz Jaber and Abdul Munem Abu Zant.

•Officials retrieve ancient coins unearthed at municipal work site

215 silver coins dating back to the Hellenistic era between 300 and 200 B.C. were unearthed at Iraq Al Amir town, west of Wadi Seer. The ancient monies will be publicly displayed mortly at the Archaeological Museum of Jordan, according o an announcement Monday by Department of Antiquities Director General Safwan Tell.

Dr. Tell told the Jordan Times that the coins were accidently discovered while workers buildozed the area for the installation of a new sew-

When the antiquities department was informed of the find, it sent a 15-member team which worked from Friday through Sunday to sift the earth and collect all the coins, said Dr. Tell.

The coins were hidden inside jar which was accidently smashed by the bulldozer, and

were scattered about, Dr. Tell explained.

As the site contained no archaeological finds, the department believes that the coins were hidden by people living in the area at the time.

On the coins appear the picture of the kings of the Ptolamic era and their queens, along with clearly visible Greek winings on both faces of the coins, which, Dr. Tell maintained, confirms the Hellenistic rule in the area during the second and third centuries B.C., following the period of Alexander the

Minister of Tourism Mohammad Adwan, who was immediately informed of the cache, expressed delight at the discovery and voiced appreciation of the efforts of the Public Security Department (PSD) for facilitating the work of the Department of Antiquities and the local citizens who provided



The cache of silver coins from the Hellenistic era, which was unearthed in Iraq Al Amir

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☆ Plastic art exhibition by a number of Iraqi artists at La Casa

* Exhibition of paintings by artist Khalid Khreis at the French

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other assistance. Dr. Adwan and Dr. Tell called on the public to report

Cultural Centre.

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to the department any

archaeological finds, which, they said throw light on the history of the country and enrich its historical treasures.

U.S. congress

AMMAN (J.T.) — A U.S. congressional delegation headed by Senator Dennis DeConcini arrived in Jordan Monday as part of a factinding tour of several countries in the region. The delegation includes:

Senator DeConcini (Democrat, Arizona) who is a member of the Senate Appropriations Committee. Senator, Bob Graham

Democrat, Florida), a member of the Senate Banking. Housing and Urban Affairs Committee Senator Arlen Specter (Republican, Pennsylvania)

also on the Senate Appropriations Committee. Senator Charles E. Gras-

sley (Republican, Iowa), on the Senate Budget Committee and the Finance Com-

Congressman William Richardson (Democrat, New Mexico), Energy and Commerce Committee in the House.

During their stay in Amman, the members of the delegation will meet wil senior government officials.

Bulletin reports continued Israeli measures against Palestinians in occupied territories

AMMAN (Petra) — Israeli acts of repression against the Palestinian people in the West Bank and Gaza Strip continued during November, despite the signing of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel accord in Washington on Sept. 13, according to a monthly bulletin issued by the Foreign Ministry Department of Palestinian

Affairs Monday. The statement said that last month Israeli courts passed prison sentences ranging from several months to several years on 95 Palestinians and escalated human rights violations of the Palestinian population.

The number of Palestinians killed during November was 18, raising to 1,546 the total number of Palestinians killed since the start of the intifada in 1987, noted the bulletin.

molished 28 Arab homes under the pretext that they were built without licences, and schools and universities were stormed or closed by the Israeli forces under different excuses, continued the statement.

According to the bulletin Israeli police detained 100 children, and 800 Palestinians continue to be held without trial. The bulletin attributed the November waves of violence

primarily to Jewish settlers in the occupied lands who discriminately rampaged through Arab towns, shooting Palesti-'nians and damaging Arab property.

According to the bulletin, the confiscation of Arab-owned lands continued last month and the number of Jewish settlements in the West Bank reached 186, and those in the Gaza Strip numbered 20 to

6.6% of households live below team arrives; poverty line — statistical report

AMMAN (Petra) - By the end of 1992, the number of needy families living below the poverty line in Jordan rose to 6.6 per cent of the total number of households. up from 1.5 per cent in 1987. according to a statistical bulletin released by a govern-

ment-appointed task force. The bulletin, released Monday, said the number of families living in absolute poverty was 21.3 per cent of the total number of households in Jordan, up from 18.7 per cent in 1987.

Commenting on the outcome of the survey, Hussein Al Khatib of the Ministry of Planning Department of Research and Studies said that unemployment is largely blamed for the state of poverty, and any moves to curtail unemployment would positively affect the status of the

Dr. Khatib said the department was striking to help the government achieve a balance between human and economic resources by creating jobs and initiating in-

come-generating projects. The government's fiveyear-plan which continues through 1997, he said, is largely aimed at dealing with unemployment and poverty

tails an ambitious programme to reduce to 9.6 per cent the rate of unemployment by the end of 1997, added Dr. Khatib.

The plan, which envisages the creation of 224,000 jobs, provide for measures to cater to the needs of families living below and around the poverty line, including government subsidies, soft loans for initiating projects and vocational training for heads of household, said Dr. Khatib,

WHAT'S GOING ON ☆ Exhibition of prints and drawings by Fakhr El Nissa Zeid at

EXHIBITIONS

- Art exhibition by Jordanian artists Khaled Hijazi, Mohammad Al Ameri, and Adnan Al Sharif at Phoenix Gallery for Art and Culture (Tel. 695291).
- * Art exhibition by artist Hani Al Hourani entitled "Impressions from Wadi Al Walah" at Baladna Art Gallery. ☆ Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Salam Jamil at Alia Art
- ☆ Art exhibition by artist Samia Zarou at the Open Studio "Al Marsam Al Maftuh," Jabal Amman, 2nd Circle (9:00-13:00 and 15:00-17:00 all days except Fridays).
- ☆ Photographic exhibition by artist Basheir Al-Hajeh at the Royal Cultural Centre. ☆ Plastic art exhibition on the intifada and Jerusalem at the

* Exhibition of handicrafts at the Marriott Hotel.

Professional Association Complex. Two exhibitions of paintings by Edelbert De La Portilla and Pitr Pawiuczok at the Royal Cultural Centre.

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The job of creating jobs

FOR ALL technical purposes we now have what the government describes as the first deficit-free budget. There are arguments and counter-arguments why it is not so since foreign assistance and fresh loans to service the already high debt burden are not considered as

It may not be a useful exercise to go into that part of the budget since it is pretty clear whatever arguments are used and heard, the net picture remains unchanged that Jordan cannot hope to manage on its own while straining under one of the higher per capita foreign

But what is indeed of high concern is the unemployment figures that are continued to be cited by officials. Finance Minister Sami Gammoh explained to the Lower House of Parliament Sunday that the work force was expected to reach nearly one million during the year 1994 and only 875,000 of them would be employed - meaning

an unemployment of 13 per cent. However, the 13 per cent figure does not reflect the actual unemployment rate in the country if only because of the parameters that are applied to determine the official statistics.

Well, the numbers on paper, whether the government's or others', do not matter much anyway. What matters indeed is the situation on the ground, and that does not look very healthy and encouraging.

We are seeing an increasing line of youths turning up at the doors of commercial enterprises seeking jobs; graduates are pushed into applying for jobs that perhaps need only Tawjihi. On the one hand, it is a healthy trend because there has to be structural change in the attitude of our youth. By and large, most Jordanians frown upon menial jobs and would rather sit idle than accepting a position which is considered undignified in society. As such, highly qualified people coming down to earth from their dreams of jobs with "status" and considering any post as a stepping stone is a welcome sign that the structural changes may be round the corner sometime in

We have seen every one of our budget talking about reducing unemployment, but not in specifics, except of course the number of jobs created in the civil service. We have heard of the Development and Employment Fund. but do we really know how much money was actually spent on creating one job through that fund? Do we know for sure whether the amount spent on creating one position through support from the fund was not a case of spending a dinar for one-tenth of its worth?

What we would definitely like to know is whether there is any change in the government agencies' bureaucratic policies to encourage entrepreneurship and how many offices and discouraging akward and cumbersome procedures one has to go through before being told whether he or she qualifies for a loan as start-up capital.

All said and done, we are sure that many of our honourable deputies whose portfolios include demands for jobs for their constituents would definitely be asking these questions in the House during the debate on the

But satisfactory answers from the floor are not simply enough. Things have to move, and move fast, before our youth are pushed further into despair and frustration to a level that would eventually threaten our social security

No doubt it is not the sole responsibility of the government to create jobs; the private sector has to assume a key role, but then the private sector should have enough incentives to go out of its way to embark on an uncertain journey of creating more jobs leading to reduced profits.

There has to be stronger interaction between the government and private sector with the clear understanding that everyone's interest is at stake here and something has to be done collectively. Dialogue and free exchange of views are the key to that, and we hope the government would move in a direction that removes clouds if any in the air hampering such a dialogue.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Al Dustour daily commented on the announcement of the 1994 fiscal budget, noting that it aimed at dealing with most of the imbalances at the domestic and external levels. The budget also provides for incentives to stimulate the private sector, improve the investment climate and deal with the difficulties facing some of the Jordanian public firms, noted the daily. There are provisions in the budget to ensure sustainable development, boost vocational training and promote other basic services, continued the paper. It said that the budget statement which showed that the unemployment rate has now dropped to 13 per cent of the Jordanian workforce provided also for measures to ensure at least a six per cent growth rate of gross domestic product for 1993 and later on.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily said Monday that Arab countries' efforts to ensure Western and American commitments to find durable and comprehensive solutions for the Middle East conflict are futile and would end no where. The Arabs have lost everything with the destruction of the Iraqi economy and military power as well as their moral potential and their ability to fuse renewed collective Arab action which is the required mect nism for uniting Arab states, said Bader Abdul Haq. Inder J, the Arab states are now at their weakest point notably because they are not in a position to demand that the international legality by implemented or the requirements of durable peace met, noted the writer. Noting that the Western countries realise: that Israel remains the main obstacle for the attainment of peace, the writer said that what the Arab states receive from Washington is mere promises or mere verbal committeents that are not applied or honoured. One ray of hope still come in the offing and that is the intifada, waged by the Palesrinian people against Israeli occupation, continued

The View from Fourth Circle

By Rami G. Khouri

Pan-Arab nationalism: is it dying or being born?

IT IS intellectually chic in the West, and among many beaten Arabs who would like to spend the rest of their lives riding golf carts around Los Angeles suburbs, to proclaim that Arab nationalism has failed and has died a merciful death. This simple argument coincides conveniently with the popular Western view that the Arabs should stop trying to forge a unified or integrated national force and instead they should submit quietly to the realities of the West's techno-commer-

cial-information dominance of the world. Many Arabs are happy to roll over and do as they're told. Dejected by their tragic dependence on foreign food, money, guns, capital goods and political protection, many Arabs nevertheless go along with the prevalent inclination to chase contracts and money, to do whatever is required of them stay alive and fed and generally to bow down to the new gods of global commercialism. To confuse individual Arabs whose identity and hymnerity have died with the vibolately death of a identity and humanity have died with the wholesale death of a national ethos that may define hundreds of millions of people

is to make a very unfortunate mistake — if it is, indeed, a mistake and not an unconscious geostrategic goal.

The idea that Arab national identity has died and been replaced by a more pragmatic, realistic recognition of the need to generate an income and stay alive by any means is a peculiarly Western, Anglo-Saxon concept; it smacks heavily of the ways of corporate marketing managers, who speak of our region's importance in terms of commodities and markets, and who use a vocabularly whose primal verbs are to sell, to

penetrate markets and to generate profits.

Many in the West would like Arab nationalism to die because the idea of an integrated, coordinated, wholesome Arab World scares or threatens them; this is probably due to historical reasons, including, a) the legacy of cultural or imperial friction between the Middle East and Europe and b) the legacy of European and Mediterranean powers' need to control the strategic geography and/or natural resources of the Middle East.

This view is complemented today by a new perception of Arab/Islamic society as being the last serious alternative to, or holdout against, the global dominance of the Western consumer/industrial society and its emphasis of individualism and materialism. Therefore, many in the West and in Israel portray the Arab/Islamic world as a dangerous and threatening source of political extremism, terror, military violence, religious fanaticism, and inhuman laws and cultural habits - a veritable land of oriental demons that is not only alien to and incompatible with Western values, but that also threatens

The death of Arab nationalism is an easy shorthand form of proclaiming the end of any chance that the Arab/Islamic world might snap out of its cycle of regression and mediocrity and achieve its enormous potential. Many in the West speak of the end of Arab nationalism in the same manner that they speak of the defeat of communism and Marxism — as demons slayed

and threats that have been vanquished.

What we hear from the West, though, is very different from what we hear from the Arab people themselves. At the grassroots level throughout the Arab World, pan-Arab national identity and Islam are still the two most powerful transnational forces that define the political expressions and aspirations of the vast majority of Arabs. I would suggest, therefore, that the real status of pan-Arab national identity is not that it has died, but that it has never been tried in a realistic and rational manner. Equally important, though, is that the pan-Arab national identity I speak of, and that ordinary Arabs throughout the region also express in their own ways, is not the anti-Western romanticism of the 1950s and 1960s; rather it is a more practical recognition of the urgency of pan-Arab coordination and integration as the most meaningful antidote to our current ailments.

The term Arab nationalism commonly refers to the movement led by Gamal Abdul Nasser in the 1950s and 1960s, which spawned many attempts by different combinations of Arab countries to unite, integrate, or form confederation or unions. None of those attempts succeeded - and thus Arab nationalism has never been tried - because every attempt at inter-state Arab integration or union was conceived by self-appointed, non-accountable leaders, usually as an expedient and often transparently self-serving political convenience. Never in this century have any combination of Arab leaders turned to their people and asked them what they feel and what they want; never have Arab leaders sought to implement pan-Arab policies based on the freely expressed sentiments of their own people. How can Arab nationalism have died if the people of the Arab Nation have never told us what Arab nationalism is?

After nearly a century of various forms of Arab struggle against Western imperialism and colonialism and, simultaneously, against indigenous Arab autocratic rule, we still do not have any idea of what the majority of Arabs really desire in terms of their domestic political systems or their relations with other Arabs. This is the harsh consequence of cumulative decades of foreign domination of the Arab region, followed by domestic pacification, all of which resulted in the grotesque modern pan-Arab legacy of national dependence, intellectual lassitude, cultural exhaustion, and political weakness.

The important and exciting prospect of gradual democratisation and liberalisation throughout much of the Arab World is that it will permit the Arab people, for the first time in their modern history, to reverse these trends; and to speak their hearts - to express in political terms what they want and how they want to be associated with their fellow Arabs. Democratisation will finally provide us with the opportunity to learn what pan-Arab national identity really means.

I am convinced that the real basis of pan-Arab nationalism is not the emotional, reactionary, often frenzied anti-Western street theatre that we saw during the Nasser years and that lingers, in slightly different forms, in parts of this region. The real driving force for pan-Arab identity and cooperation will be the recognition that only through meaningful integration of the region's human and natural resources can any of its inhabitants look forward to a reasonable quality of life as free, dignified and coversion people. dignified and sovereign people.

The single most important political fact of life in this region is that the Arab population of 230 million people today will not stabilise until it reaches nearly 700 million people around the year 2050 — regardless of what is done to reduce fertility rates. If we add the populations of Israel, Iran and Turkey (who also compete for the region's finite resources, especially water and arable land) today's Middle Eastern/North African population of 350 million people will not stabilise before it reaches some 900 million people around the year 2050 — only two generations away.

The pressures to survive - simply to eat and drink - will compel rational to recognise that they can only aspite to progress and a decent life if they integrate their resources and allow a free flow of people, goods, ideas, money and natural resources across borders — so that shortages and imbalances can be redressed, productivity enhanced and complementar-ities exploited. Above and beyond food and water, the challenge of providing housing, jobs, education and social services for 700 million Arabs will oblige us to move towards political and economic systems that can meet our basic human needs. Such systems will closely reflect the federalist patterns that pertained in the United States. Italy and Germany in the 19th century and the unionist/integrationist trends that have

characterised modern Europe since the 196ts.

This will happen only after we make the historic transition from our modern legacy of foreign domination, national fragmentation and indigenous political autocracy towards a future of mentions covariants. future of genuine sovereignty, national reconstitution, regional cooperation, and a more participatory and accountable domestic political culture. Free and thoughtful Arabs will inevitably move towards a pan-Arab national identity because this is the natural convergence point between the common roots of their cultural identity and the common denominator for their future survival and their collective economic and

Rather than presiding over the death of Arab national identity. I think we are, in fact, witnessing its birth - a genuine and durable pan-Arabism that was first conceived in the post-colonial and anti-imperial struggles of the first quarter of this century, that survived the false labour pains of mid-century's anti-Zionist diversion, and that has started to come to life in the midst of the pan-Arab deterioration of the last quarter of this century.

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Israeli electorate veers away from peace

By Peretz Kidron

THE government of Yitzhak Rabin can find little cause for gratification in recent opinion polls. The pollsters report a serious erosion in support for Rabin's Labour Party and his left-leaning allies of Meretz. Were elections to be held now, the two parties would probably lose half a dozen or more seats in the 120-member Knesset. Such a setback would wipe out their present slim parliamentary majority, paving the way for a Likud coalition with the far right and the religious par-

Even more striking, given that Israel's next prime minister will be elected by direct vote of the electorate, is the poll measuring public approval of leading politicians. With nearly 30 per cent support, Mr. Rabin remains the single most popular candidate — but he retains that lead solely because the 47 per cent right-wing vote is split between Likud leader Benyamin Netanyahu and hardliner Raphael Eytan of Tzomet. Should the nationalist parties agree on a single candidate. Mr. Rabin's prospects would be dismal.

These findings reflect an amazing turn-about in the public mood, away from the heady September days when Mr. Rabin's historic agreement with PLO leader Yasser Arafat set off a wave of peace euphoria which even managed to suck in broad sections of the rightwing constituency. By holding out the promise of peace, Mr. Rabin's bold demarche drew a measure of popular support

By Gene Gibbons

Reuter

WASHINGTON - Ask anv-

one in the White House about

the first year of Bill Clinton's

presidency and they will prob-

ably compare it to a roller

Labour has not enjoyed since the 60s. With Mr. Rabin riding high on, a wave of personal popularity, optimists foresaw Labour restored to the status of "permanent party of government" it enjoyed under Ben Gurion and Golda Meir.

Municipal elections

Having enjoyed so clear a lead so recently, how did Labour contrive to lose it within a matter of weeks? At the tactical level of everyday politics, the party's own leadership is heavily to blame. Labour bungled badly in the 2 November municipal elections: fielding unpopular candidates and waging a campaign notable mainly for heavy-handed mudslinging. Labour allowed Likud to win in two of Israel's three major cities as well as dozens of smaller councils. Mr. Rabin compounded the setback when, in a last-minute bid to drum up support for his party's candidates, he presented the local elections as a vote of confidence in his goverament and its peace policy; Labour's ensuing defeat was promptly construed as a slap in the face for the prime minister, while providing a muchneeded tonic for the reeling Likud leadership. Facing Likud's slick and intelligent campaign, Labour managed to mak every mistake in the political pook.

But however costly such tactical ineptitude, Labour's troubles lie principally at the strategic level, arising out of public disillusionment with the peace process. A majority of Israelis bailed the Oslo Accords with the PLO, first and foremost because they seemed to promise an end to with the bloodshed which has beden willed the country for generations. But just as Labour initially profited from those rising hopes, their collapse threatens to cost the party

In the early days after the Israel-PLO accord, events seemed to bear out the optimists. Israeli soldiers in the occupied territories, accustomed to showers of stones and Molotov cocktails, were handed bunches of flowers instead. Israeli television, hitherto virtually off-limits to Palestinians, now granted lavish airtime to ordinary people from Gaza and the West Bank, whose genuine and unmistakable enthusiasm for the new era of peace frequently expressed in fluent and eloquent Hebrew helped to win over sceptics.

But, inevitably, the honeymoon was short-lived. On patrol and at roadblocks, nervous Israeli troops maintained their shoot-first policy; and Palestinian casualties, though sharply reduced, continued to trickle into hospitals and morgues. Breakaway Palestinian groups continued wanton attacks on individual Israelis, seeking to inflict casualties by a variety of means.

The Rabin government sought to play down the vio-lence by dismissing the perpet-rators as a lunatic fringe. When right-wing critics pointed to the killings as proof that the Palestinians were not keeping their side of the bargain, Mr. Rabin and his ministers cited

Israeli intelligence sources to claim that Palestinian resistclaim that Palestinian resist. But ordinary Israelis noted the PLQ had been instructed ared merely to a breach of discito halt violence against Israelis, just as Arafat had pledged. When vengeful settlers rampaged through Palestinian towns and villages in response to the attacks, the prime minister denounced their excesses and those of the Palestinian opposition in virtually identical terms.

The renewed tide of violence and counter-violence posed a grave challenge to Rabin. Writing in Ha'aretz, columnist Yoel Markus put it succinctly: Terrorism is the main political problem confronting the government as it takes the road of peace. Not merely because terrorism reinforces the extremists on our side, but mainly because the government's principal base of support is liable to slip away. The government releases Arafat from responsibility for the attacks just because Fateh has laid down its weapons, as he claims; it is doubtful whether the public will long accept this."

Mr. Rabin repeatedly assured the Israeli public that the PLO was keeping its word. But that claim collapsed when it emerged that the murder of a settler from Beit El, near Ramallah -- initially attributed to Hamas - had in fact been carried out by a maverick unit of Mr. Arafat's own Fatch. When the PLO chairman responded to U.S. and Israeli pressure with public conde-mnation of his wayward followers, Israel's official circles

appetite for work, is not about

to slow his pace or refine his

agenda in the next 12 months.

I got hired to fight for the

declared themselves satisfied. pline, and contained no moral.

It was a striking illustration of the newly forged inter-dependence which now characterises Israeli-Palestinian relations: increasingly, Mr. Arafat's sins — real or imagined are chalked up against Mr. Rabin. The reverse holds equally true: Mr. Arafat and Mr. Kabin now each have a keen interest in each other's successes and failures. In the often gloomy atmosphere surrounding the peace talks, and the daily crises which threaten to derail them, the main glimmer of hope stems from this tacit alliance between the chairman of the PLO and the prime minister of Israel.

Reviving hope

But until that unwritten pact produces results striking enough to vindicate him with the Israeli public, Mr. Rabin must resort to damage control, principally by reviving the mood of hopefulness which surrounded the Oslo Accords.

Optimism is fuelled by daily portravals of the prospects opening up since Israel's recognation of the PLO, with the Arab states standing in line to do business. Politicians and senior officials feed the media with glowing reports of peace and prosperity around the corner, particularly in relation to

Newspaper headlines quote 'sources in Jerusalem' announcing "an agreement in principle on peace with Jordan", and promising "a breakthrough within weeks". Two days later, similar headlines heralded a further "agreement in principle" with Jordan on cooperation in the field of finance and banking. King Hussein was quoted as suggesting "implementation of elements of peace before signature of a formal treaty": an Israeli minister claimed that "everything is tied up and signed with Jordan. Even the Likud leaders hastened to clamber on board the Jordanian bandwagon: Netanyahu sent a public message to King Hussein, affirming Likud support for the emerging arrangement - Middle East International,

LETTERS

Alternative ways

To the Editor:

Will the construction of more roads really lead to greater traffic safety?

Neither a new Amman-Irbid highway nor building any other additional road is a real solution to the problem. Increased road capacity attracts more traffic; it is like digging a ditch in a marsh. After some time the ditch will be filled with water.

Generally speaking, the risk of accidents increases with the mileage. So, first of all, traffic has to be avoided to get more security. The way to do it is by reducing the amount of kilometres driven. For example car pooling, shortening and combining trips are ways of reducing the number of cars on the road. Moreover, unavoidable trips should be - as far as possible — offered alternative means of transportation, like going by bus, taxi, bike or on foot, which are safer means and cause less pollution. (Besides, replacement of the worn out old engines of the big Amman municipal buses is long overdue: modern engines are much more silent and cleaner).

In some areas the public transport in Jordan is already very good. Exceptions make the night service and network and

Dangerous parts and junctions of roads must be altered and reconstructed. But never expect "safe traffic," Even the "safest-built" road will cause accidents, just because it is safe. People on such a road feel more secure and therefore drive more recklessly. The level of danger they accept remains the

In conclusion, do not waste money for producing more car traffic, accidents and pollution, as well as town and landscape destruction. Use it for safer kinds of transportation, which are also more compatible with nature and the population, espe-

Arndt Schwab,

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer stell name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special encounstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

Clinton's ups and downs likely to continue in '94

coaster ride. What's more, the in-crowd is braced for more thrills and chills in 1994. That is not to say Mr. Clinemergencies, creation of a ton has been unsuccessful national service corps and pason the contrary, he posted an sage of the Brady Bill, which impressive legislative record. requires a waiting period and Even Senate Republican lead-

background check for the er Bob Dole says the Demopurchase of a handgun. crat can take "a lot of satisfac-"He got a lot of things done tion" from his string of wins in this year... nothing major but things that Republican presi-But Mr. Clinton's popularity dents didn't push or sustained vetoes on. Mr. Dole said in has risen and sunk in a dizzying sine curve since his inauguraan interview.

doning his predecessor.

Richard Nixon, of any crime

related to the watergate

Some of the continuing

doubts about Mr. Clinton's

tion, leading Esquire maga-In spite of his record, Mr. zine's Walter Shapiro to call Clinton, the first Democrat in him the first "poll-spike presithe White House in 12 years. has the highest negative poll "It's been kind of a roller rating of any first-year ciner coaster year." acknowledges executive since Gerald Ford. White House Communications the country's only unelected Director Mark Gearan. president. Mr. Ford incurred public wrath in 1974 by par-

scandal.

Besides the North American Free Frade Agreement (NAF-TA) and hudget legislation that takes a stab at cutting spending. Mr. Clinton trophies included a bill that allows workers to take leave

that preceded or followed many successes — his bungling of several appointments, waffling on issues like gavs in the military and Bosnia, and missteps on matters like the White House travel office flap and his

much-publicised (Mr. Clinton) says wrongly reported) 200 haircut. Stephen Wayne a Georgetown University political ex-pert, says another reason for Mr. Clinton's image problem is "he moved from one thing to

another so quickly that people didn't have time to absorb what he had done." He added: "One doesn't have the sense that there is a discernible direction or focus to what he's doing. People can't sort it out... because of its pace and because of its diversity."

Mr. Clinton, a man with eclectic interests, an explosive temper and a Gargantuan

folks in this country, to face real problems. And any time you face problems in specifics instead of in the abstract. you're going to be misunder-stood, and you're going to have a lot of opposition. be said in a Rolling Stone interview recently. In addition to the health care reform, a highly controversial

endeavour at the very top of his 1994 agenda. Mr. Clinton plans to push for a sweeping overhaul of the welfare system and passage of a tough new anti-crime package that would further restrict unrestricted public access to guns. He will also have to try to

fend off a conservative push for a constitutional amendment calling for a balanced budget, and, if a new world trade agreement is reached. take on many of the same interest groups he outmaneuvered in the NAFTA fight to get the pact through Congress. As Clinton and company know only too well, it will take a miracle to keep these priorities from being pushed to the

background by an internation-

The pursuit of happiness took a rat-race detour

By Richard Reeves

DALLAS - "An enormous upheavai was needed to take leisure and the good life from the exclusive grasp of the highliving wealthy few and place it within reach of everybody on Elm Street, USA. The upheaval came originally when several powerful forces worked in unison: an expanding economy, mass production, enlightened capitalism and strong labour unions. Today the changeover is being dramatically hastened by a powerful new force called automation. It produces even more leisure, more and better

That is from Life magazine, dated Dec. 28, 1959. "Special Issue: The Good Life. Zestful Americans Enjoy Their New Leisure," was the headline across the cover. A montage of colour photographs showed Americans at play. A woman trying out a new 35mm camera, others painting or gardening. Men scuba diving, reading in their own small libraries, making furniture in

their home workshops.

The magazine was laid out at

a garage sale here, an artifact of another time. "Leisure is the purpose of work," the magazine editorialised.

"The quality of its leisure activity sets the tone of any society, defines its version of the Good Life and measures the level of its civilisation." Advertisements emphasised

the same themes. Pan American Airways — "World's Most Experienced Airline" touted its new jet service to four continents. Bell Telephone boasted that it was experimenting with telephones that would have push buttons instead of dials. In a section on the future, the magazine talked about shorter work hours, medical breakthroughs including diagnostic machines and organ replacement, satellite communications and home videotape, longer vacations

and more disposable income. And most of that happened - sort of. Life magazine is no longer a weekly reaching 6.5 million homes. Bell Telephone was broken up and Pan Am went bust. Why didn't American life work out the way Life thought it would? To be sure,

there were a few cautionary notes in the magazine's 192 pages. A rich politician, Senator John F. Kennedy of Massachusetts, saw it this way: "We have gone soft... The slow corrosion of luxury is already beginning to show."

The magazine's editorial also projected a dazzling ignor-ance of the world around it in 1960: "Americans have now virtually eliminated one of the chief drives behind all human effort, namely the fear of poverty. What can substitute for the old drive against hunger and for work satisfaction? Although automation releases some people to more interesting jobs, it may be that an automated society still lacks the compulsion to excellence and "disinterested" achievement. And this may be the missing component of our continuing quest."

The politician became president and directed American energy and resources not towards leisure or luxury; he aimed the riches of the nation at the destruction of an alien system, communism. Automation, it turned out, was not a one-step process; each stage of its evolution eliminated some kinds of human work and created needs — and more and more Americans were consumed by the stress of keeping up, of being forced to learn new jobs or skills to replace the ones taken over by machines.

That certainly affected my life. I graduated from college that year, 1960, as a mechanical engineer, knowing a great deal about slide rules, steam pumps and vacuum tubes. Within a few years, Texas Instruments, among others, was selling everything I knew for about \$10. You could get most of me in a pocket calculator.

prosperity and new leisure was not exclusively American. Life magazine's editorial copy did not mention other countries, except as places for Americans to see, courtesy of the democratised travel made possible by the jets of Pan Am. But tucked in a small comer of Page 136 was an advertisement "The world's smallest,

best-designed transistor radio

The drive towards new

by a company called Tokyo Shibaura Electric — Toshiba for short.

Most of all, I think, the pursuit of happiness celebrated by Life became the pursuit of more and better goods — and that meant the pursuit of money. The race to keep us was fueled by easier and easier

One television, one car, one house, one wife or husband was not enough for the good life — or so we thought. More and more expensive education was needed for the good jobs of the good life. And it was work and salary that were prized, not leisure and civilisation — one result being that women who did not work could not defend themselves economically or socially.

One way or another over these 30 years Americans downgraded leisure and cheapened work at the same time. In 1960, Americans thought the rat race was ending. But for most of them it was just moving to the fast track - International Herald

Indian election chief takes on the system

By Michael Battye Reuter

NEW DELHI - Indian politicians often called him a mad dog. One magazine said he was a buil who carried around his

own China shop.

Top civil servants described T.N. Seshan — a small, portly man with a bald head — as a "polished megalomaniac," but only after he called them polished call girls, an insult he admitted was "impolitic", even though he meant it. But Mr. Seshan, the blunt-

talking man who runs elections in a country that proudly calls itself the world's biggest democracy, is showing signs of turning from the ogre portrayed just a few weeks ago in many newspapers into a hero. In November, he ran six

regional elections in which only a handful of people were killed rather than the usual scores, intimidation was relatively scarce and rigging

attempts were infinitely fewer. The turnout was higher than expected and few candidates complained they had lost un-

Suddenly, editorial writers and columnists who had pilloried Mr. Seshan during highly public battles with a government trying to curb his powers, and opposition parties that once tried to impeach him, found him worthy of praise. Mr. Seshan told Reuters be had not wanted a job he

thought was dull when he was appointed chief election comssioner in December 1990 to preside over an electorate of 540 million. Now, still facing what he called "most seriously elaborate hostility from the central

government" of Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao, he shows no signs of leaving. He is embroiled in a battle with the government he has taken to the supreme court over whether or not he is autonomous, can punish corrupt election officials and choose the people he wants to

supervise polls. "If (the commission) is sub servient, you can forget about free and fair elections and this

country will become a banana republic," he said. "I don't run from any field of battle."

Parts of India, especially the teeming north, are notorious for election abuses, often cheerfully admitted to in private by politicians who boast of stuffing ballot boxes, preventing people voting and provoking violence if they look

like losing. Hundreds of people with criminal charges pending against them have stood for office, seeking power, money and influence in a political system grown increasingly corrupt over the years.

"A very large percentage (of politicians) is not free from sin," as Mr. Seshan puts it. Mr. Seshan said that when he took over the commission he found a willingness among

politicians to use all kinds of measures to win elections, "so much so that anything goes." Local civil servants and police were committed, contaminated and collusive — or at least too frightened to act against politicians who could kill their careers, he said.

The election commission has been guilty over the past 15, 20 years of turning the other cheek," he said. "One of

the reasons I am extremely unpopular is I tell people I have only one cheek because my face is rounded like a foot-

"A large number of people had lost all faith in the election system being vaguely free and fair. People said only a mug would take part." Four of the November elec-

tions followed Mr. Rao's dismissal of Hindu nationalist Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) state governments after the destruction of a northern mosque by Hindu zealots. The mosque's destruction set off nationwide violence in

which more than 2,000 people were killed, most of them Muslims. Mr. Rao fired the governments for not containing it and imposed federal rule.

Mr. Seshan said the absence of a party in power that could manipulate the police and bureaucracy helped make the elections peaceful.

But election observers had suggested the main reason was "the feeling on the part of voters, candidates, the civil service and police that the election commission meant business, that there was a referee prepared to blow the whistle, he said.

Rabin rules out self-rule deal in 10

(Continued from page 1)

mini-crises and perhaps also crises," Mr. Rabin said. "There are also games which are called brinkmanship, and if we will be strong and firm, we will succeed at realising what we want."

"I have no intention - and T'm sure that would be the government's stance — to concede on the security issues. But I will add: I already said Demember 13 isn't a sacred date," he told Israel Radio before the meeting.
Mr. Rabin held out hope of

some action despite the delay: "It won't be a question of gestures. The problem will be whether I will decide to take a few unilateral steps or not." But Agriculture Minister Yaacov Tsur said such steps

Israeli cabinet ministers said border control was the main In the Hague, Mr. Arafat hurdle to the start of Palestin usaid he did not expect the delay.

had not been discussed in the

"The main obstacle I can say!
for this moment is who will

11.213

control the external borders between Israel and Jordan and Israel and Egypt... this is the major obstacle," Health Minister Haim Ramon told repor-

ters.
Ministers were adamant Israel bad to retain control during the five-year self-rule period agreed in September.

"I think that Arafat... thinks he is going to be president of a state. That is not in the agreement... he must understand that in this period the government of Israel will not give up its defence of the borders, Culture Minister Shulamit Aloni said.

But Ms. Aloni said she believed Mr. Arafat would give up his "wishful thinking." Ministers said gestures to ease Palestinian disappointment at the delay like a token

withdrawal or prisoner release

were not discussed in the

to spark an upsurge of violence in the occupied territories.

"The violence has increased

because there was an escalation (of attacks) from the armed settlers against our people. We hope this will be settled and controlled by the

Israeli government.' Mr. Arafat said he had fruitful talks but would not say whether he had secured any aid or investment for the fledgling Palestinian territories.

for moral support, political support and the implementation of the declaration of principles." he said. The British government said

it was disappointed at the delay in starting the Israeli withdraw-A Foreign Office spokesman said the delay was "disappoint-

ing" and Britain "hopes that economic support, I'm looking soon.

Elections scramble

Russian scene

government considers that the adoption of the constitution by the Russian people is a good

The British government in London welcomed Russia's adoption of a new constitution as a "historic event," saying the charter laid the basis for democracy and human rights.

But world leaders also expressed concern about the success of Mr. Zhirinovsky.

One of the strongest warn-

'I'm not just looking for an agreement will be finalised

(Continued from page 1)

ings came from the Norwegian government, whose Foreign Minsiter Johan Joergen Holst said Norway will find it more difficult to negotiate border issues with the new Russia.

Israelis

(Continued from page 1) talked about will not be enough. It will be postponed again because the problems are too big to be solved in 10 days," said Sami Abu Samhandane, one of the new generation of Fatch leaders in Gaza.

Islamic fundamentalists like Jamal Khudari from Gaza City welcomed the delay and saw it as proof that agreement could not be achieved.

"This agreement is doomed," he said. "Violence, killing and destruction were increased by this agreement and now we will see more and more.

Attacks continued Sunday night with the shooting and wounding of an Israeli bus driver in the West Bank. Shlomo Ohana, 28, of Beersheba, was in serious condition with a gunshot wound in the chest after his bus was ambushed outside the city of Hebron, a flashpoint of Arab-Israeli violence lately in the occupied West Rank



SAFEWAY

Then a ploughman said, Speak to us of Work. And he answered saying:

" You have been told that life is darkness, your reariness you echo what was said by the weary. that life is indeed darkness save when there is urge, and all urge is blind save when there is knowledge. And his knowledge is vain save when there is work, And all work is empty save when there is love; And when you work with love you bind yourself to yourself, and to one another, and to God."

KHALIL GIBRAN

With our best wishes

Most Asian stock markets Surge in bullish sentiment

TOKYO (R) - Most Asian stock markets posted steep gains Monday with Tokyo boosted by export-oriented electricals amid a weak yen. brokers said.

Share prices in Singapore, Taipei and Sydney surged on ਾ bullish sentiment.

Hong Kong stocks closed modestly higher as late bargain hunting outweighed profit-tak-

ing, brokers said.
The blue chip Hang Seng index ended up 20.48 points, or 0.20 per cent, to finish a volatile day at 10,248.59. It opened firmer to touch a high 10,272 before institutional profit-taking dragged the index down 126 points in early trade.

MOSCOW (R) — A strong showing for nationalists and

communists in Russia's par-

liamentary election will make

it harder to pursue far-reaching

economic reforms, casting

doubts over new Western

financial aid, economists said

ernment's Centre for Econo-

mic Reforms, said a parliament

dominated by nationalists and

"We know their methods —

given money to everybody,

hampering structural changes,

trying to preserve the military

-complex in its present form,

- But the economists said the

apparent decision by voters to

approve a new constitution brawn up by President Boris Yeltsin would limit the damage

."Provided Yeltsin's constitu-

tion is passed they will not be

able to do anything drastic.

But there will always be resist-

Mr. Yeltsin called the elec-

Con in September, dissolving

the old legislature in an

attempt to break a deadlock

Tetween conservatives and re-

formers which had paralysed

economic policy making for

He later put forward a new

Constitution, giving himself

sweeping new powers and

But the president's hopes for

more supportive parliament

faded like a mirage Monday.

Krelmin officials said ultra-

inationalists and communists

looked set to win twice as

many seats in the new Russian

parliament as reformist par-

The right-wing Liberal Democratic Party of Vladimir Zhinnovsky was likely to be the

biggest single party in the new legislature, the officials said.

limiting parliament's role.

much of the year.

enice." Mr. Khazin said.

the conservatives could do.

conservatives would try to de-

rail financial stabilisation.

Mikhail Khazin, of the gov-

Russian election

outcome may slow

<u>_economic</u> reforms

Brokers said some overseas institutions were buying on weakness, although few took major new positions.

In Taiwan, waves of buying from both foreign and domes-tic players propelled share prices to close at an eightmonth high, while turnover also jumped to its highest level since March, brokers said.

The index surged 178.23 points to end at 4,929.81. Foreign interest in financials boosted late buying across the board. "Some people sold at mid-morning to take quick profits, but more people jumped in. The buying craze just cannot stop at this moment." said Albert Lin of Gol-

The conservatives argue that

funds must be provided to pre-

vent economic collapse. Re-

forms have been too painful

'We shall not turn back," he

told the British Broadcasting Corporation. "At least I will

Mr. Fyodorov admitted it

would be hard for the govern-

ment to work with the new

legislature, but said the new

parliament would probably still

have more reformers than the

dozens of people with clearly stated aims," he said.

would be hard to keep reforms

on track if parliament opposed

every government move. If in-

flation rose sharply next year it

was hard to imagine Western

aid agencies stepping in with

face the temptation to back

down if the going gets tough," he said. "That has always been

the case but it is going to get

But economists agreed that

the structural changes intro-

duced in the two years since

Russian reforms got under way

were unlikely to be reversed.

changes in the last two years — free prices for just about every-

thing, the convertibility of the rouble, a floating central bank

refinancing rate, widespread privatisation," the Western analyst said. "Not even Zhir-

inovsky wants to renationalise

property. I do not think those

structural changes are seriously

'We have seen a lot of

"The government is going to

new financial help.

even stronger now."

A Western economist said it

"Here at least there will be

not slow down.

In Singapore, share prices closed at a new high of 2,245.27 for the third straight trading day on record turnover, driven by frenzied retail and institutional buying, brokers said.

The index, up 24.87 points from Friday's closing high, compares with an all-time high of 2,262.58 set intra-day today. Bank shares and warrants were among key gainers while Malaysia's Genting BHD and

Samanda Holdings also rose. In Australia, a record high on Wall Street coupled with rising metals prices underpin-ned demand for resources

Ordinaries index to close 9.6 points up at 2,094.5.

"It was a good day overall continuing demand for beavyweight metal took the rest of the market up," said a Hambros equities broker.

Tokyo stocks closed up for a third straight trading day, with rallies in blue-chip electricals led by Sony Corp. lifting sentiment despite an underlying mood of political uncertainty.

The weaker yen also fuelled buying of electrical exporters. Japan's main share index Nikkei 225 average ended at 17,327,33, up 69.80 from Friday with estimated 210 million share turnover.

stocks and pushed the All U.S. banks face busy 1994 on Capitol Hill

getting scant attention from Congress in 1993, faces a rash of legislation in 1994 as well as new regulations that could

and Russia's impoverished chart its fate for years. Lawmakers and the White population has suffered too much, they say.

But Deputy Prime Minister House want to create a single bank regulator. Moves also are Boris Fyodorov, one of the key architects of Russia's reform afoot to permit banks to operate branches across state lines. and some lawmakers are likely plans, said he had no intention of allowing the reforms to to try and use that bill to curb banks' power to sell insurance.

The banks also must confront bills and proposed regulations governing their lending and services in poorer com-

"There's a full, meaningful legislative plate that will affect every consumer and every banker," said Kenneth Guenther of the Independent Bankers Association of America (IBAA), which represents small-town banks.

Said Daniel Smith, chairman of First of America Bank Corp of Kalamazoo, Michigan, and president of the American Bankers Association: "We're headed for a kind of bumper vear as far as banking legislation is concerned."

This all comes as the industry is racking up its best earnings year ever and the outlook

for 1994 is good. Next year also could prove to be the most important year in Washington for banks since 1991 when Congress passed landmark legislation meant to provide an early warning signal of problem banks and prevent a disaster like that which befell

savings and loan institutions. In 1993 only one big bill was passed: Congress agreed, after month of arguing and with strings attached, to provide up to \$26.3 billion to wind up the

savings and loan bailout. Among the top items for 1994 is the White House plan to merge the regulatory duties of the four federal bank regulators into an "independent"

WASHINGTON (R) — The federal banking commission.
U.S. banking industry, after Although similar effort Although similar efforts have failed in the past, legislation this time is given better

odds of passage.

The senior Democrat and Republican on the Senate Banking Committee support the move, as does the Democratic chairman of the House Banking Committee. Backers argue the plan would cut banks' costs and make the banking system more efficient.

Not so, says the powerful Federal Reserve central bank, it warns it needs a "hands-on" role in supervising banks to ensure a stable financial system and carry out its role of in-

fluencing interest rates. Also, the senior Republican on the House Banking Committee frets the idea would put too much power in one agency and would risk injecting politics into bank regulation.

The banking industry has given the plan mixed reviews. Another key legislative battle is likely to occur over allowing banks to operate branches across state lines. The White House backs the plan but has baulked at a move in the Senate to use the legislation as a vehicle to restrict banks' ability

to sell insurance. Many bankers welcome interstate branching but flatly oppose any curbs on their in-

surance powers. Other pieces of legislation would provide \$382 million in seed money for community development institutions that lend to poor areas, and would impose tougher requirements on firms that compile data on

nsumers' credit records. What's more, bank regulators have just proposed rules to get banks to make more loans low-income communities.

chmark, nearly double from 14 billion rand (\$4.2 billion) in Meanwhile, banks are healthy. They have better quality loans on their books and have 1992 to 26 billion (\$7.9 billion) disposed of bad ones. They in 2004. also have capitalised on low 2.5 million jobs between 1992 and 2004. "The key to overinterest rates paid to deposi-

Economists fear Japan's worst post-war recession

TOKYO (R) — Japan's mighty economy is likely to record its worst performance in the post-war period this fiscal year and even a hoped-for stimulative package would have a limited impact on growth next

year, economists have said. "There is a fear of a second year of minus growth and that this recession will turn into the worst recession in the post-war period," said a report by NLI Research Institute.

Private economists as well as businessmen say Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa's most urgent task is to formulate a stimulative economic package including income tax cuts, deregulation and steps to boost property market liquidity.

Hopes that such a package would be unveiled last week were dashed when the Hosokawa's coalition ran into trouble over its pending decision on whether to open the nation's closed rice market to help world trade talks succeed by

Opposition party stalling in parliament has also delayed passage of a supplementary budget needed to fund a September economic bailout package worth six trillion yeu (\$55.5 billion).

The lower house passed the extra budget Wednesday but the bill is now being debated in

the upper house.
Cabinet Secretary Masayoshi Takemura told a business lunch Thursday that the government planned to unveil its policy on income tax cuts after parliament adopts the supplementry budget. probably in the next few days.

Economists already expect the economy to contract in the business year to March 1994, underperforming the zero growth posted in 1974/75 when the economy reeled from high

oil_prices. Gross domestic product (GDP)—total output of goods and services less net investment income from abroad - is

coming the (economic) crisis is

job creation," its coordinator

He presented the model, cal-

led making democracy work:
A new economic policy for
South Africa, to African
National Congress (ANC) economic chief Trevor Manuel.

Mr. Manuel said the propos-als did not represent ANC policy but would rank among

policy options open to the movement, which is widely ex-

pected to dominate an interim

government after the country's

first all-race elections in April.

model's authors had been part

of the broad anti-apartheid

movement and that "sizeable

chunks" of it were produced by

economists who were ANC

The proposals aim to pro-

duce 300,000 jobs a year, fol-

lowing a decade in which no

new jobs were created and

which pushed up the jobless

rate to 30 per cent of the

A public works programme

to build infrastructure such as

schools, clinics, water systems

and roads would be developed

to train and employ 100,000

The model proposed a mini-

mum wage of 400 rand (\$130) a

month, double what it esti-

mated to be the average wage

for female farm workers and

domestic servants who make

up more than one-tenth of the

The think-tank called its

overall strategy, designed to

also produce macroeconomic

balance, achievable and

affordable, saying it would in-

clude prudent fiscal, monetary

and balance of payments goals.

labour force.

people a year.

workforce.

He noted however that the

Vella Pillay said.

Think-tank floats ideas for

post-apartheid South

African economy

JOHANNESBURG (R) -- A think-tank linked to South

Africa's ANC has unveiled

proposals to revive the post-

apartheid economy, focusing

of jobs, housing and other so-

cial backlogs, and calling for a

The Macroeconomic Re-

search Group said the state

would play a key role in its

strategy for the next decade,

adding: "In future the state

The think-tank was formed

will stimulate the economy."

by agreement among the Afri-

can National Congress (ANC),

its allied trade union federa-

tion COSATU and five black

It said its strategy would

help the economy, stunted by

four years of recession, to grow

steadily from 1.1 per cent in

1994 to nearly five per cent annually within the first years

of the next century.

The economy, following its

longest recession on record, is

expected to have grown only

one per cent in 1993 after

shrinking 2.1 per cent in 1992.

a need to create jobs, improve

the skills of the employed,

improve access to and quality

of health, education, housing

and electricity, set a minimum

wage and enhance the lot of

It proposed that state spend-

ing on social needs such as

housing, education, health and

job creation should, using 1985

currency values as a ben-

It said its strategy would add

the rural poor.

The research group stressed

or liberal local universities.

expected to fall between 0.3 per cent and 1.1 per cent in 1993/94, according to private economic researchers.

Economists earlier said they expect GDP data to show a decline of 2.5-3 per cent on an annualised basis in the July-September period. That would be the second consecutive

quarterly decline. To cope with this, economists said policymakers must combine another cut in the official discount rate, already at an historic low of 1.75 per cent, with other measures.

These would include largescale income tax cuts, dereg-ulation, moves to increase liquidity of the property market, steps to help banks write off bad loans, and a stimulative budget for 1994/95. "For the BOJ (Bank of

Japan) to cut the discount rate in tandem with government measures such as income tax cuts is fully possible as the timing of aneffective monetary policy." said Yoshio Suzuki, chief counsellor at Nomura

Research Institute Ltd. While pressure on the BOJ to act if politicians dither could rise, a rate cut in isolation would have only limited impact, economists said.

"Even a 0.5 percentage point rate cut would only boost gross domestic product (GDP) by 0.1 per cent," said Tatsuc Yamamura, chief economist at NLI Research Institute. "It would help to reduce corporations' interest burden but to be effective, must be part of a

stimulative package. Still, even a comprehensive package might do no more than boost GDP growth by at best 1.3 per cent, according to

a private think tank forecast. At worst, GDP could fall again in 1994/95 by 0.4 per cent, according to a report by Nomura Research Institute.

OPEC rules out cut in oil output

MUSCAT (AFP) - OPEC does not plan to cut oil produc-tion, OPEC President Abdallah Ibn Hamad Al Atteyya said Monday in Oman, where he held talks aimed at stabilising

oil prices. "There is no clear plan to reduce OPEC's production ceilings," said sheikh Atteyya, the Qatari energy minister. "One cannot contemplate asking OPEC to reduce production while others are pro-

ducing surplus crude." Sheikh Atteyya and his Omani counterpart Said Al Shanfari decided to contact producer countries outside the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) in an effort to stem the fall in oil

Norway has aiready been approached, Sheikh Atteyya

The 12-nation group has blamed non-OPEC exporters for the price decline and urged

Oman is the coordinator of the Independent Petroleum Exporting Countries (IPEC). It played a key role in hammering out an historic agreement between OPEC and IPEC in the mid-1980s to jointly cut production to prop up

prices after they collapsed to

nearly \$10 due to a production Justifying its output as realis-tic, OPEC decided last month to maintian its ceiling of 24.52 million barrels per day (b/d) and called on other producers, especially Britain and Norway, to lower output.

Prices have dipped nearly \$7 below OPEC's target of \$21 a barrel and by more than 20 per cent from their level in April.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY DECEMBER 14, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: If you don't stick with proven methods your pending plans with others may backfire. You must forget emotions where practical affairs are concerned. Be patient with a family tie that is having a

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Consider well how to better handle correspondence and out-side routines after which you will

perfect working order. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Arrange whatever has to do with transportation interests in the morning then you will be able to have happiness at home with members of your own clan.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Go after ways to make more income and increase your goodies in life early while later you can be off to see and enjoy humorous, delightful contacts. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You have every sort of chance to uncover information formerly unavailable to you after

which push forward to gain your personal longings. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Consult with good friends for what they will do to aid your progress, then you can have a wonderful time in private with your intimate companion.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever you have in mind of a worldly nature can be

5 Curves 10 Recipe abbr.

planned with care now, then you can turn your attention to your more subjective interests.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Look at what you are doing of a civic or career nature and improve as much as possible, then go after benefits held up from you before this time.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Look at where you stand in business in a more organised fashion, then you will be able to be off to interesting, fascinating persons and places. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You can reach an understanding with partners that cover all phases of your activities, then you will have enthusiasm to carry through with

promises made. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You see many ways you can improve the tasks you have agreed to do in the morning after which get off with partners and associates to new ventures. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You see how to be more happy and satisfied with pleasures and hobbies early while later you can get your teeth into fascinating tasks, finish

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) A more well rounded success at home can be envisioned by you early while later you can take your family out to some amusements to get their approval

Peanuts













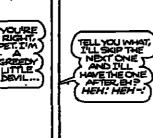


Andy Capp









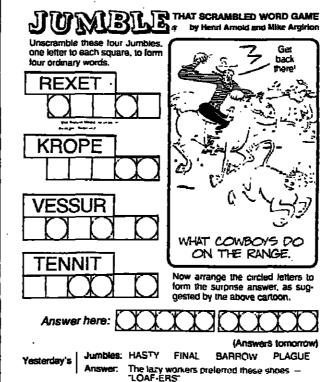


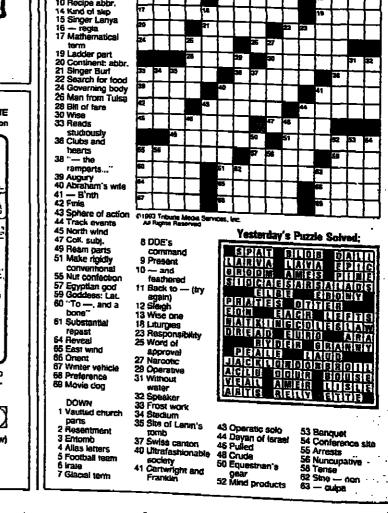
Mutt'n'Jeff



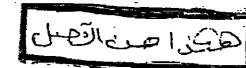


"Stanley, are you whispering sweet nothings in my ear...or is that snoring?"





THE Daily Crossword by Melvin Kernwortin



es designations

Moroccan airline makes \$10.6m profit

RABAT (R) — Morocco's Royal Air Maroc (RAM) made a profit last year of 102.3 million dirhams (\$10.6 million),

making it one of the few profitable airlines in Africa.

Turnover in 1992 rose 24.32 per cent to 4.391 million dirhams (\$457 million). RAM said in its annual report.

Although the company boosted its fleet with the acquisition of four new airliners and increased flying hours by 11.9 per cent, the fuel bill fell 1.9 per cent thanks to an average 14.4 per cent drop in the price of kerosene.

> AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET HOLY/OG BANK CENTEN AMMAN - SHRETSANT (5 TILEPHONE: 6-0-170 / 6-3-170 MARKET SHAPE PRICE LIST FOR MORDAY 11/12/1993



				_
m rach is Name				
		CLOSING		PRICE

ASAB DANS .	392,400	186.000	186.500	187.000
PORCAN NATIONAL PARK	49,028	6.290	6.300	6.360
SAME OF LORDAN	13,510	4.330	4.300	4.300
15336184A, DETTIONNEY BARE	10.508	1.950	1.950	1.950
THE HOUSE GAME	30,170	4.000	1.990	4.000
ANAL TIMET SAME	140.597	3.070	5.790	3.720
TOLDAN CULT DAME.	119.314	1.760	1-770	1.746
APAS INROAM INVESTMENT BANK	6,762	3.950	3.960	4.000
THE AN INDEX FOR CAPPER & THE COMME	31,045	4.530	4.500	4.500
BUSINESS BANK	770	4.800	4.800	4.800
CORDAD INVESTMENT & FINANCE NAME	1 440	4.600	4.400	4.400 4
DELT CLARL SAVINGSTWESTWEST FOR MOUSING	20.807	4.835	6.B3D	5.070
AND HARD FOR INVESTMENT	56,662	J.850	1.850	1.840
WAR REVISE COMPONENTION JOSONS	3,190	4.300	4.520	4.520
HISTIF PAST INSUDANCE	198,599	2.470	Z.520	2.540
JORDAN FRENCH INCURANCE	17,000	3.250	3.400	3.400 -
ARAB LW:OS INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE	386	3.000	1.150	3.540
"DROAN AN ELECTRIC POWER	364,435	2.340	2.360	2.490
AND DISTRICT ELECTRICITY	2,435	1.220	1.250	1.260
CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY PROPERTY OF THE PRO	1,611	4-770	6.750	4.750
JORLAN TOURISM & SPA COMPLEY	70 030	2.080	2.000	2.100
MATICUAL PORTFOLIO SECUPITIES	53.062	4.040	4.04D	4.100
PEAL ESTATE INVESTIGAT	820	1.650	1.640	1.640
JORDAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER	400	1.580	1.600	1.600
HORSE PRESS FORWEATION / ALRA'I	2,800	14.000	14.000	14.000
WITED HIPOLE EAST & COMMODOR BOTH &	3,510	13.600	14.006	14.100
APAB SHILP. FOR INVESTMENT & PROCATION	58.520	2.830	2.170	2.250
ATTAMORED COKET, MATERIAL MANUFACTURING	1.558	1.700	1.750	1.750
THE JORGAN CENENT PACTORIES	125, 154	3.030	3.036	3.050
COPERS PROSPHATE NINES	1.447	3.050	3.100	3.100
STREET VETROLISM REFINANT	7,146	9.880	9.830	9.900
THE INDUSTRIA: COMPANYAL & ACRES COMPANY	1,013	2.270	2.250	2.250
ARAB PRANCEUTICAL MANUFACTURING	145 222	7.430 6.570	7.45D	7.550 8 ECD
JORDAN CERAMIC INCUSTRIES	2.882	7.250	7.190	7.230
JORDAN DAIRY	50.991	3.360	3.500	3.530
THE CORDAN PIPES NAMEDIACTORING	2,004	3.700	3,720	3.720
SPINNTHO & WEAVING	97,798	2.960	3,000	3.020
INSTA INDISTRIES	3,793	2.520	2.520	2.550
ASAB DANG AMEN UNTIONAL BANF DANK OF JORGAN FILLE LEAT INVESTMENT BANF LANS DANK OF JORGAN FULLE LEAT INVESTMENT BANF LANS DANK DANK JORGAN DANG THE PROPERTY BANK JORGAN DANG DANK JORGAN DANG THE THEM BANK BUT LIMAL SANTHGAT WASTREET FOR MINISTRA ARMAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT TO MINISTRA HILLAGLING THE THEM THEM BANK HILLAGLING THE THEM BANK JORGAN TOURISM & SPA COUPLIN LORDAN TOURISM & SPA COUPLIN LORDAN TOURISM & SPA COUPLIN MATICAL PORTFOLIO SECONTINE PLAN TOURISM FOR THE THEM JORGAN PRESS & POCKDATION / ALRAYI JORGAN THE THEM BANK MATICAL PORTFOLIO SECONTINE PLAN TOURISM THE THEM JORGAN PROSPHATE HIRES JORGAN CHEMN THE THEM THE JORGAN CHEMN TRACOURLE JORGAN CHEMN THE THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN MENTANTY THE SORDAN CHEMN TRACOURLE JORGAN CHEMN THE THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL INDUSTRIET LORDAN BARTY THE SORDAN PIPES HANDWARTUPING FIRST BANK THE SANTH THE THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN THE THEM THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN THE THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN THE THEM THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN THE THEM THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN THE THEM THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM JORGAN CHEMN THE SANTH THEM THE LEDUSTPIAL IN THE THEMP THE LEDUSTPI	720	0.360	0.360	0.360
TAR ALL TAKA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARAB INVESTMENT & INSURAL TRADE ARAB ALUMINIUM INCOSTRY	188,921	15.700	15.700	2 465
ARAS ALUMINION INDUSTRY ARAS APARP CONTENTING & TRAINES LORDAN MEDICAL CORPORATION WATCHAL STEEL INDUSTRY LYTICHAL STREET HOUSTRY LYTICHAL STREET HOUSTRY LYTICHAL STREET HOUSTRY LADIN INTUSTRIES LADIN INTUSTRIES LADIN STREET HOUSTRY LORAL PRICAST CINCETT INDUSTRY LORAL MODO [DOI: 10: 14 MATCHAINING LORAL PRICAST CINCETT INDUSTRY LORAL PRICAST CINCETT INDUSTRY LORAL PRICAST CINCETT INDUSTRY LORAL PRICAST LORAL PRICAST LORAL FOR LABOL L CHEMICALS LORAL PRAIL CO. FOR ASSIL L PROCE PROS.	4,781	1.570	1.578	1.570
COPDAN MEDICAL CORPORATION	6,423	0.370	0.350	0.350 -
NATIONAL STEEL LINGSTRY	· 6,873	5.100	5.300	3.030
: TERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUST: 25	15,495	3.600	3.610	3-660
. W. TERNAL LAST CAL INCUSTRIES	116,474	7.040	B. 000	7.900
POAN ISCUSTRACE & MATCH/STMCD	25.636	1.140	1.136	1.160
CAN PRECASE CONCRETE INDUSTRY	6.314	0.370	0.370	0.370
JAJAN MOOD INDISTRIES / JAICO	Sie	5.650	5.760	5.760
NATIONAL CARLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING	. 11,138	8.250	8.250	8.250
TO BOAR SULPHO-CREMICALS	6,869	3.500	3.500	1.540
THE PLANT SULPHU-CREMICALS AND CERTED FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS FORCES FURNIT CO. FOR AGRI. & FOOD PROD.	97,125	3.530	3.600	3.540
- WINER INVESTIGAT	2.546	2.660	7-670	1.41D ,2.680
NIVERSAL MOTERS INDUSTRIES	180,239	5.470	5.500	5.550
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_

Financial

PE

Jordan Times in co-operation with

NO. OF TRADED EMPARES IN PARALLEL MARKET : 120417
TRADED VOLUME IN THE PARALLEL MARKET : 30 132609



Currency	New York Close Pair 10/12/93	Tokyo Close Dale 13/12/93
Sterling Pound	1.4945	1.4944
Deutsche Mark	1.6973	1.6951
Swiss Franc	1.4540	1.4531
French Franc	5.8110	5.8127**
Japanese Yen	. 709.21	109.04
European Curreny Unit	1.1373	1.1371**
USD Per *TG		

Per 100

Precious Metals Date: 13/12/199					
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	386.50	7.50	Silver	5.12	0114

·	Dat	Date: 15/12/1993		
Currency	Bid	Offer		
U.S. Dollar	0.7000	0.7020		
Sterling Pound	1.0449	1.0501		
Deutsche Mark	0.4126	0.4147		
Swiss Franc	0.4813	0.4837		
French Franc	0.1204	0.1210		
Japanese Yen	. 0.6413	0.6445		
Dutch Guilder	0.3683	0.3701		
Swedish Krona	****	****		
Italian Lira	0.0419	0.0421		
Belgian Franc	1/111	****		

Other Currencies	Date	Date: 13/12/1993		
Сигтевъ	Bid	Offer		
Bahraini Dinar	1.8350	1.8610		
Lebanese Lira	0.040325	0.041345		
Saudi Riyal	0.1830	0.1883		
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2250	2.3200		
Qalari Riyal	0.1885	0.1915		
Egyptian Pound	0.2050	0.2220		
Omani Riyal	1.7800	1.8230		
UAE Dirham	0.1885*	0.1915		
Greek Drachma	0.2815	0.3235		
Cypriet Pound	1.3440	1.3865		

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Monday.

7.3710/60

\$387.00/387.50

J.S. \$1.60 costs	1.3287/97
	1.6956/66
	1,9005/15
	1.4578/88
	35.57/61
	5.8118/68
	1681.1/2.6
·	108.93/03
	8.3760/60

One sterling

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Official urges spending cuts

Iran's riyal drops to new lows

NICOSIA (R) — Iran's riyal, hit by the fall in oil prices, dropped to new lows against the dollar Monday and a presidential adviser said some development projects should be stopped immediately to save

foreign currency. "The situation is alarming but not out of control," Morteza Alviri, an adviser to President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, said in an interview published in Tehran Times newspaper Monday.

The dollar soared to 2,160 riyals in the open market in Tehran and 2,100 riyals abroad, between 80 and 100 riyals higher than Sunday's rates, dealers said.

The central bank quoted the dollar at 1,770/1,772 riyals, raising it by 10 riyals for the fifth consecutive business day. Mr. Alviri, a former deputy chief of planning, said Iran

should slash expenditures and look for new sources of hard

"Unjustified 'development projects" such as some plan-ned power stations should be stopped immediately and the government should curb pilgrimage trips to Saudi Arabia and Syria, he said.

Iran has been earning about 85 per cent of its hard cash in recent years from the sale of crude oil, a commodity whose price has fallen by one-third over the past year. 'Officials say Iran is already \$8 billion in arrears in its fore-

ign debt, nearly half its budgeted oil revenue of \$16.5 billion for the Iranian year started March 21. Mr. Alviri said there were

several proposals for shoring

up the riyal, including one to

າປ to a multi-tier system

setting different exchange rates for expenditures of different priority.

"I'm not in favour of introducing the multi-rate system... as it will again bring financial corruption," he said.

A three-rate system was

abolished for most of the economy in March under freemarket reforms pushed by Rafsanjani's government to revive Iran's centralised, war-ravaged economy.

Since then, the riyal's bank rate has dropped 13 per cent against the dollar.

Tehran's Jomhuri Eslami newspaper said the dollar's rise had led to a jump in the price of imports and was filtering through to goods produced by Iran's import-dependent indus-

It said central bank actions in the currency market were

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Responding to similar critic-ism, central bank deputy gov-ernor Ibrahim Sheibani said the exchange rate was determined by supply and demand and could not be fixed by decree.

"In 1976 we had about \$24 billion in foreign exchange revenue and a money supply of 1.6 trillion rivals. Now the money supply is 40 trillion riyals and revenue about \$14 llion or \$15 billion," he told Kayhan newspaper.

One could not predict even the fall in international oil prices — which we had assumed at \$16.50 (per barrel) and is now \$13," he said.

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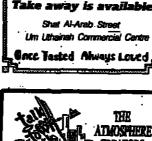
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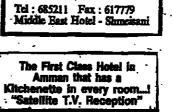
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Muslim town in Bosnia comes under heavy Serb, Croat attack

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — A Muslim-held town in central Bosnia was under heavy attack by combined Serb and Croat forces. Bosnian Radio reported Monday.

The radio also reported clashes between the Muslimled government army and Bos-nian Croat (HVO) forces in Gornji Vakur and Jablanica in the south of the former Yoguslay republic.

The radio said the town under attack by Serb and Croat forces was Olovo.

Muslims had gained territory in eastern Bosnia around Teocek, a strategic village controlling the route to the Muslim stronghold of Tuzla, said the .radio.

In the besieged Bosnian capital Sarajevo, there were loud explosions during the night, though it was not immediately clear who was re-

On Sunday Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic threatened massive retaliation against the Muslims if they persisted in what he called an offensive in the Sarajevo area.

In a letter to international mediators Mr. Karadzic said the Muslim assault would provoke Serb reprisals that would lead to a "complete military defeat for the Muslims", the Yugoslav News Agency Tanjug reported.

Meanwhile, U.N. officials said Monday Serbs are deliberately hampering U.N. aid operations so only a fraction of the food and supplies needed by one million Muslim war victims is trickling through.

Ray Wilkinson, spokesman for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), told reporters that the tonnage of supplies to eastern Bosnia has steadily increased over the past few weeks but remained "way below requirements."

Although 3,591 tonnes were delivered by road last week, up from 2,800 tonnes the previous week, "we're still stumbling along," he said.

He said the central warehouse in Zenica had "virtually scraps," estimating the supplies would last only a few

Mr. Wilkinson said even in Saraievo, one of the best served aid areas, residents received less than 300 grams (10.5 ounces) of food a day. less than half of what an average adult needs in winter.

All sides — Bosnian Serbs, Croats and Muslim-led government troops — have been accused during the course of the 20-month-long war of hampering the delivery of aid to rival ethnic groups. But the United Nations has most recently singled out the Serbs for the cras-

sest interference. Among the most recent targets of Serb harassment was a UNHCR convoy to the eastern Muslim enclave of Gorazde. The 13-truck convoy was rerouted to Tuzla after Bosnian Serbs Saturday refused to let them through to the 60,000 hard-pressed people

Most in Gorazde lack adequate food and shelter, and the town has seen only two aid convoys since Nov. 7. Serb forces surrounding the town have recently stepped up shell-

NEWS IN BRIEF

more than 1,000 shells fell there Saturday, killing two people.

Lt. Col. Bill Aikman, the spokes man for U.N. peacekeepers, said the convoy turned away from Gorazde after Bosnian Serb troops repeatedly searched the trucks, stealing food and personal posessions.

"The attitude of the local Serbs was unacceptable," he

And a Canadian resupply mission to Srehrenica in northeastern Bosnia was fired on Friday, first by mortars then by tanks, said Col. Aikman. adding "only Serbs have tanks in that area.'

On Sunday, U.N. aid convoys reached the government-held cities of Tuzla and Srebrenica. And a third line of trucks reached the edge of Sarajevo, ready to unload 78 tonnes of food, possibly Monday. However the Sarajevo convoy left behind a shipment of fuel oil after Serb authorities in Belgrade to cut the amount



Rescue workers Monday clear away debris and search for victims in the ruins of an apartment block that collapsed in the ontskirts of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia (AFP photo)

Signs of life found under collapsed Malaysian building

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Someone has signalled to rescuers that he is alive in the rubble of a 12-storey luxury apartment building which collapsed Saturday, police said Monday. "I'm still alive," was the

message scrawled on a piece of paper and attached to a line that was dropped into the de-bris, said Police Inspector General Hanif Omar.

A French team with tracker dogs discovered the trapped individual within minutes after arriving to help in the search for some 54 people believed to be entombed in the building.

Inspector Hanif said rescuers dropped a line into the debris between the second and fourth floors of the building after the dogs, especially trained to smell human life, had found the trapped indi-

No one has been rescued since an Indonesian woman and her baby and a Japanese woman were brought out of the rubble hours after the building - Kuala Lumpur's first luxury condominium when it was built in 1979 - toppled like a felled tree after being hit by a landslide. The Japanese woman later died. The French Civil Defence

experts with two tracker dogs arrived at around 7 p.m. (1100 GMT) and quickly found the

survivor, witnesses said. Rescuers Monday found the body of a woman and evidence of a children's party in the collapsed Kuala Lumpur apart-

The find came as the Friends Of the Earth environmentalists

blamed indiscriminate tree felling behind the condominium complex for the landslide that brought the building down. U.K. urges IRA truce

before peace agreement LONDON (R) - Britain Monday urged the Irish Republican Army (IRA) to lay waiting for London and Dublin to work out a peace agreement

He also said British Prime Minister John Major and Irish leader Albert Reynolds would meet "definitely in London and definitely before Christmas" in search of a peace formula to end one of the world's longest-running guerrilla conflicts.

The two leaders, eager to maintain the peace momentum and silence the guns after 25 years of conflict and more than 3,000 deaths, met at an EC summit in Brussels last Friday where they both said more work was needed to conclude a The latest appeal for the IRA to halt its campaign against Britain in Northern Ireled two policemen in the province Sunday.

offensive early next year unless London clinches a peace deal. "This is to let them know

that if the peace process fails there could be an escalation of violence in the new year," one senior source close to the IRA

Violence continued unabated on both sides of the sectarian divide. The Ulster Freedom Fighters, an outlawed group fighting to keep Northern Ireland British, said it had killed a man because he was an alleged police informer. It made its accusation Monday after the man died in hospital.

That brings the death toll to seven since Mr. Major and Mr. Reynolds met in Dublin on Dec. 3 to work on a formula for peace.

Rebels boycott Angolan peace talks

LUSAKA (R) — Angola's re-bel UNITA movement Monday boycotted peace talks with the government after accusing it of attempting to kill UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi in an air raid Saturday.

UNITA spokesman Jorge Valentim told reporters his delegation had boycotted a plenary session of the talks scheduled for Monday morning in protest against the raid on a mass rally Mr. Savimbi was holding in the Angolan city of Cuito.

"The attempt on our president's life constitutes a serious setback to the talks. It is now a matter of life or death," he

Negotiators from the gov-ernment and UNITA had reached a crucial stage in their month-long negotiations to end the world's bloodiest con-

"The bomb attack caused many deaths and injuries among civilians and two of Savimbi's bodyguards were seriously wounded," the rebel statement said. "Savimbi escaped unhurt," it added.

The raid occurred at the start of a critical fifth week of peace talks between UNITA Union of the Total Independence of Angola) and the government in the Zambian capitai Lusaka to end nearly two decades of bitter civil war. The statement from UN-

ITA's Political Commission described the raid as "another conspiracy against his (Savimbi's) life." It added: "This act of pure banditry by the MPLA clearly justifies the fear that UNITA members feel towards political cooperation with (Luanda).

Foreign diplomats monitor-ing the closed-door peace talks in Lusaka have said the two sides have agreed how to implement a ceasefire but were still haggling over how to share power once peace was restored.

Foreign diplomats monitoring the talks said negotiators faced the most critical week that would decide whether Angola achieved peace after

nearly two decades of warfare. "This is the final lap home, a make or break time, for the rival negotiators," a Western diplomat commented.

"The ceasefire and the formation of a new national army they have agreed will work only if the political equation is in place.

The negotiators, meeting under U.N. mediation, clinched the truce 10 days ago and last weekend agreed to establish a new armed forces composed of equal numbers from both sides.

The date of the truce has not been announced because U.N. mediator Alioune Blondin Beye wants outstanding political issues resolved as well. The accords are part of a

wide-ranging package needed to end a war that has raged for most of the past 18 years. The U.N. says the conflict is killing at least 1.000 people a day.

On Monday the negotiators were due to tackle political demands from UNITA, chief among them that the rebels be given an equal number of government ministerial posts.

Boys tip handicapped child into river

CHRISTCHURCH, New Zealand (R) - Three young boys pushed their wheelchair- ... bound, eight-year-old cousin to a river and tipped her in, New Zealand Police said Monday. The boys, two aged five and one aged three, took the girl, who has cerebral palsy, to the river about one kilometre from her home in this New Zealand city Sunday. Police said a passer-by who saw them push the wheelchair into the river dived in and rescued the girl. A social worker who witnessed the incident took the. four children to the girl's home and called police. The Social Services' Children's Department would deal with the children, police said.

British postmen complain over santa privatisation

LONDON (R) — Britain's post office has privatised Santa Claus and upset postmen who used to do his work, newspapers reported Monday. The Royal Mail has hired a private firm to answer some 600,000 letters British children send each year to Santa, telling him which presents they hope he will bring them for Christmas. As in previous years, indi-vidual thank-you letters are being sent to children. But Postal Union officials have complained the private firm, Metro Mail, is not giving enough personal attention to the letters. They said Metro Mail was paying its start only seven pence (11 cents) per reply, half what state postmen used to get. Metro Mail's replies to children for their letters — usually adressed to San-ta's grotto, Lapland — tell them to make sure they are asleep before Santa and his reindeers arrive in the night.

Shinkansen train sets world's 2nd fastest record

TOKYO (AFP) - Japan's new generation Shinkansen bullet train has set the world's second fastest speed of 413 kilometres (256 miles) per hour, railway officials said Sunday. The speed was achieved by the East Japan Railway Co's nine-car non-country totype Star-21 Shinkansen during a test run late Saturday in Nigata Prefecture, northern Japan, they said. France's high-speed TGV train holds the world record of 515.3 kph, established in 1990. Germany's high-speed train, Ice, attained a speed of 406.9 kph in 1988 and is now the third fastest in The Star-21, which was completed in March last year. clocked 403 kph Thursday.

Hong Kong seizes tiger parts and smuggler

HONG KONG (R) — Hong Kong customs found what appeared to be a tiger paw and a piece of tiger bone in the luggage of a traveller crossing from China, a government spokesman said. Some Chinese men believe that consuming tiger parts, particularly tiger bone grated into wine, enhances sexual stamina. The traveller is being held pending investigation. The paw is the third seized this year under laws banning possession or trading in endangered species. the spokesman said.

Villagers overcome handicaps to donate eyes

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NEW DELHI (AP) - Residents of a remote Indian village have overcome poor telephone lines, bad roads, and lack of doctors to donate eyes of their dead relatives. In the last five years, the villagers of Aasangaon, 1,085 kilometres. (670 miles) south of New Delhi, donated 27 pairs of eyes. the Indian Express newspaper reported Monday. Whenever there is a death in the farming village of 3,500 people in Maharashtra state, a well laid out procedure is followed: The postmaster summons the nearest doctor, who has to drive two hours over rocky roads to reach Aasangaon. He must remove the eyes within six hours of death. They are then will to an eye hospital in Nagpur, a city 100 kilometres away. The system is not without problems. The only phonein the village is often out of order. Residents then ask the police to send a message on their radio. When that fails, they rely on the power company's internal network. India has 10.5 million blind people, nearly all of them with curable problems, doctors say. Most Indians are reluctant to donate their other organs, believing that the body of a Hindu should not be disfigured before cremation.

Kazakhstan ratifies nuclear pact

ALMA-ATA (R) — Parliament in the former Soviet Republic of Kazakhstan ratified the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), a spokesman for the Parliamentary Press Service said Kazakhstan announced the move shortly after U.S. Vice-President Al Gore arrived on a visit during which he was expected to sign an agreement on dismantling Kazakhstan's nuclear arsenal, which includes 104 SS-18 intercontinental ballistic missiles. The spokesman said Kazakhstan would join the pact as a non-nuclear state but had no other details. The decision fulfilled a promise by Kazakh President Nursultan Nazarbayev who earlier said his parliament would ratify the NPT by the end of this year. The NPT aims to prevent the spread of nuclear technology to non-nuclear countries, barring them from owning or developing nuclear weapons and placing civil nuclear sites under international control.

India quake claimed 7,601 lives

NEW DELHI (AFP) - The massive earthquake which rocked western India in September left 7,601 people dead and 15,846 injured, according to a revised official toll released Monday. Agriculture Minister Balram Jakhar told the lower house of parliament that the Sept. 30 quake, which measured 6.5 degrees on the Richter Scale, flattened 19,000 houses and partially damaged 217,000 other structures. Initial reports had put the death toll as high as 30,000. This was later revised to around 10,000 but exact figures were not released until Monday. Mr. Jakhar said the government was negotiating for a \$333,000 grant from the World Bank for the rehabilitation of

Top U.S. official arrives in Vietnam

HANOI (R) — Assistant U.S. Secretary of State Winston Lord arrived in Vietnam Monday to review progress in accounting for American servicemen listed as missing-inaction (MIA) and hold talks with officials. He flew from Khmer Rouge guerrillas into the Cambodian government could hinder future American assistance. In Hanoi Mr. Lord, the most senior State Department official to visit Vietnam, was to attend a military ceremony at Noi Bai Airport to send back MIA remains found during recent searches for analysis at U.S. forensic laboratories. Mr. Lord is also due to observe a meeting Wednesday of U.S.-Lao and U.S.-Vietnamese teams investigating MIA cases on the Vietnam-Laos border. The United States is trying, with Vietnamese help, to determine the fate of 2,248 Vietnam War MIAs in Indochina, 1,648 of them in Vietnam. President Bill Clinton has said "tangible" résults" on the issue are needed before he will take fresh action to improve relations with Hanoi.

Shuttle returns to earth

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida (R) — Seven astronauts returned to Earth on the Endeavour space shuttle Monday after a mission to fix the Hubble space telescope and revive NASA's sagging fortunes, and NASA officials proclaimed success on both counts. With commander Dick Covey at the controls, the winged ship announced its presence with a double sonic boom, then swooped out of the darkness and glided to a touchdown without lights or power of its own at 12:25 a.m. EST (0525 GMT). NASA said the crew defied the odds to complete a grueling series of five spacewalks to remodel the troubled Hubble telescope during the 11-day, 4.4 million mile (seven million km) journey. "We're back," commander Covey announced afer the Shuttle rolled to a stop in the glare of runway lights at the Kennedy Space Centre on Florida's Atlantic coast. "Thank you for the flawless flight," shuttle communicator Ken Cockrell radioed from Mission Control in Houston. "We look forward to using (Hubble), thanks to your work, to see further into our universe than ever before. Welcome home." Story Mushgrave, Jeff Hoffman, Tom Akers and Kathy Thornton spent a total of 35 hours and 28 minutes — a world record — installing devices to correct manufacturing flaws on the \$3 billion observatory. Besides rehabilitating the telescope, NASA hoped the 11-day mission would rejuvenate its sagging reputation and demonstrate the astronauts true ability to build and maintain another huge satellite — a future space station.

20 killed in India bridge collapse

NEW DELHI (AFP) — At least 20 construction workers were killed and many others injured when a bridge they were building collapsed in the northern Indian state of Himachal Pradesh, reports said Monday. The partially-built bridge, near a major hydroelectric project, caved in Sunday, killing at least 20 people and injuring others, newspapers said. Forty builders were at the site at the time. State officials said they had recovered 16 bodies from the debris and rescued six workers. Some of the missing people are feared to have been washed away by the waters of the fast-flowing Siul River, they said. Others could be trapped under rubble in the 100-foot (30-metre) deep gorge, officials added.

Fire kills 3 in Austria

VIENNA (R) - Three people were killed and 14 injured when fire broke out early Monday in an apartment building occupied mainly by foreigners int he southern Austrian city of Graz, police told Austrian Radio. Two of the dead were believed to be Turkish men and the third an Austrian woman. Graz police chief Karl Mueller said he thought the blaze had been started accidentally by a vagrant who often took refuge in the building's basement. There was πο evidence of arson, but the fire occurred at a sensitive time in Austria, just after a series of letter bombs was sent by suspected right-wing extremists to public figures sympathetic to foreign refugees.

'Taiwan might send back all hijackers'

TAIPEI (AFP) - Taiwan might sent back all Chinese hijackers who allegedly diverted nine mainland planes to the island since April this year, according to a news report Monday. The United Daily News said the government is considering returning all 12 hijackers to China after talks on the issue Saturday between the Straits Exchange Foundation (SEF) and its mainland counterpart the Association for Relations Across the Taiwan Strait (ARATS). Beijing and Taipei, annoyed by repeated hijackings of Chinese airliners to Taiwan by mainlanders, are attempting to resolve the issue, which has become a new source of friction between the two. An unarmed Chinese man forced the pilot of a domestic flight carrying 100 passengers and crew to fly to Taiwan Sunday, marking the ninth such case since April and the second in four days. Shi Hwei-You, deputy secretary-general of SEF, said Sunday continued hijackings endangered aviation safety and hurt relations between China and Beijing. But he declined to comment Monday on whether Taiwan will send back all hijakers after the SEF-ARATS talks, scheduled to take place in Taipei from Dec. 18 to Dec. 23.

Sri Lanka army chief to quit

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lanka's army commander has confirmed that he will resign to take responsibility for the army's worst defeat by Tamil separatist rebels, "I decided to quit my post after taking sole responsibility for the Nov. 11 security forces debacle at Pooneryn," General Cecil Waidyaratne said in comments reported in Monday's Island newspaper. Gen. Waidyaratne would retire by the end of the month and be replaced by the army's chief of staff and northern commander, Major-General Gerry De Silva, the president's office said. Gen. Waidyaratne was originally due to retire in May this year but was given a one-year extension. More than 600 soldiers and sailors were killed or are still missing after a Tamil rebel attack on the Pooneryn Camp on the edge of Jaffna Lagoon in northern Sri Lanka. It was the government's biggest loss in the 10-year-old war against Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam guerrillas, fighting for a homeland in the north and the east for minority Tamils. Gen. Waidyaratne was criticised for this and another disastrous army offensive against the rebels in September and had been under pressure to quit.

Okinawa wants cut in U.S. forces

TOKYO (AFP) — Okinawa Governor Masahide Ota demanded Monday that the United States reduce its military presence in the southern Japanese prefecture. An estimated 400,000 U.S. soldiers and dependents are stationed in Okinawa, which was r eturned by the United States to Japan in 1972. Mr. Ota told reporters here that the United States first said it needed forces of its own stationed in Okinawa to contain the spread of communism and then said the forces were needed to maintain peace and stability in the Far East. After the end of the cold war, the United States maintained that the U.S. forces in Okinawa were necessary to help settle regional conflicts int he region," Mr. Ota said. The governor said people in his prefecture "feel that this kind of propaganda thing is not real. They (the U.S. forces) do not have any fear that any other country is going to attack Okinawa," he said.

Manila restoring death penalty

MANILA (AFP) - Philippine President Fidel Ramos Monday signed into law a controversial bill restoring the death penalty for "heinous crimes" ranging from murder and kidnapping to large-scale corruption and treason. The law, expected to be challenged before the Supreme Court by opposition congressmen, amends a landmark provision in the liberal 1987 constitution abolishing capital punishment. "In re-examining this provision of our constitution, we do not reject its spirit," Mr. Ramos, a former armed forces chief who called on Congress last year to pass such a law, said after signing the act. "We only say that there are now compelling reasons for restoring capital punishment with respect to crimes which our people and our government consider so heinous or so inhuman that the ultimate penalty must be imposed," he added. Other crimes now punishable by death under specific circumstances include rape, piracy, armed robbery, arson, drug trafficking, and car theft. The law orders the government to carry out executions by electric chair until a gas chamber is

16 civilians killed in Philippine attacks

COTABATO, Philippines (AFP) - Sixteen civilians were killed and 14 others injured in two separate attacks by Muslim guerrillas and Communist insurgents in the southern Philippines Monday and Sunday, the military said. Muslim guerrillas opened fire on a bus on a highway near Datu Paglas town early Monday, killing nine people and wounding 11 others,, they said. The bus company had received extortion letters from the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) and the rival Moro Islamic Liberation Front (MILF) last month, they added. But it was unclear which of the two groups was responsible for the ambush. The MNLF is currently engaged in a ceasefire and peace talks with the government to negotiate Muslim self-rule in the southern Philippines. Meanwhile, about 60 Communist New People's Army (NPA) guerrillas opened fire on two houses outside Cagayan De Oro City late Sunday, killing seven members of two families, army divison chief Brigadier General Clemente Mariano told reporters. After strafing the homes, the guerrillas lined up those who were still alive and shot them, Brig. Mariano said, there were three wounded survivors in the attack, all members of one family. Some local military officers speculated it could have stemmed from the two families' refusal to pay revolutionary taxes to the NPA.

on Northern Ireland. Republican sources said the shootings were designed to "That doesn't need to wait for a piece of paper. That should happen now," a British show the IRA was not weary of conflict and could launch a new official said.

They are expected to telephone each other later Monday to work out a suitable time, the official said.

peace agreement.

Aspin: N.Korea not building new bombs

WASHINGTON (AP) -There is no evidence North Korea is now building nuclear weapons but also no certainty they don't already have an atomic device, says Defence Secretary Les Aspin.

Mr. Aspin, appearing Sun-day on NBC's Meet The Press, also sought to dispel reports that war on the Korean peninsula was imminent because of North Korea's refusal to open its nuclear facilities to full inspections.

"The situation is dangerous but it is no more dangerous now than it was three months ago or five months ago or 10 months ago," he said.

Meanwhile. Mr. Aspin said that 2,500 of the 8,200 American troops in Somalia will be out of the country by Christmas as part of President Bill Clinton's plan to withdraw all U.S. forces by March 31. Pentagon officials said about 1.000 soldiers from the 10th Mountain Division out of Fort Drum, N.Y., will begin heading home this week.

Mr. Aspin also called his decision to deny a field request for more heavy armour in Somalia the biggest mistake of his tenure. Later, 18 American majority view in the Pensoldiers were killed in a fire- tagon."

fight partly because of the lack of heavy armour vehicles for support.

Mr. Aspin said there is a "certain amount of uncertainty" about North Korea's nuclear programme that prevents ruling out "the possibility that they might, at this moment, possess a single nuclear de-He referred to intelligence

reports in 1989 that concluded that the North might have enough plutonium for one or two bombs. But Mr. Aspin said intelli-

gence input "allows us to be comfortable that whatever happened in the past...the situation is not deteriorating now. They are not developing more plutonium in order to be able to make more nuclear bombs. Asked about recent com-

ments by Air Force Chief of Staff Gen. Merrill McPeak that pre-emptive strike against North Korea's nuclear facilities would be difficult because of the North's military might and fears of radiation contamination. Mr. Aspin said, "his view. I think, is clearly the

He said keeping North Korea from obtaining nuclear weapons is the "clear policy" of the United States, but stressed that diplomatic solutions must be vigorously pursued before considering other op-

Mr. Clinton said Saturday he was "aggressively pursuing" negotiations on opening up North Korea's nuclear facilities to inspection by the U.N.'s International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). Pyongyang has agreed to only limited inspections, an arrangement the IAEA and the United States say is unacceptable.

Mr. Aspin said war would be very very costly, particularly for civilians," with about 16 million people, one-third of the South Korean population. living near the demilitarised zone separating the two Koreas.

But he stressed: "There's no part of the world that gets more attention of military and civilian intelligence assets. and reports that the more than 700,000 North Korean troops stationed near the DMZ were moving into a war footing were "not based on any information that is going on the ground."

Korda wins richest prize in tennis

MUNICH, Germany (AP) — A good piece of advice from his father was worth \$1.625 million to Peter Korda.

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Hanging in there like his father told him, Korda sur-, vived his second five-set battle within 24 hours to beat Michael Stich and clinch the richest prize in tennis Sunday.

His 2-6, 6-4, 7-6 (7-5), 2-6, 11-9 victory completed a 24-hour double over the top-ranked players in the world in the Grand Slam Cup.
On Saturday, Korda battled

for 4 1-2 hours and saved five match points to beat No. 1 Pete Sampras in the semifinals. He needed three hours, 48 hours to beat Stich.

"My father told me to be a good fighter on the court, never to give up and that's what I did," the Czech said. The best and the most profit-

able week of Korda's career brought him \$1.625 million as the winner's prize in the richest tournament in the world. The \$6 million tournament

invites 16 players with the best records over the four annual Grand Slam events - the Australian, French and U.S. Opens and Wimbledon.

Korda had not won a title before Munich in 1993, and his best Grand Slam showing was a quarterfinal appearance at the Australian Open.

Korda ended stich's bid to become the first man to repeat as Grand Slam Cup champion. Stich earned \$2 million for his victory last year, but this year's money for the winner was reduced under a new prize-shar-

ing formula. Stich, the No. 2 in the world who came into the tournament after becoming the ATP Tour world champion in November and leading Germany to its Davis Cup victory last weekend, could not be saved

even by his 30 aces. He is now 2-7 against Korda, and has never beaten him in

"He was just hanging in



Czech Republic's Petr Korda is jubilant after defeating the world No. 1 ranked Pete Sampras in the semifinals of the Grand Slam Cup in Munich (AFP photo)

points and I wasn't breaking, that's why I lost."

Stich said his busy schedule in recent weeks and his five-set match against Stefan Edberg had made him tired.

But it was Kordan's fitness that had been suspect. He was cramping at the end of the. match against Sampras and

had a sore arm. "I had more right to be tired. He had a tough match yesterday, but that happens in every tournament," Stich said. 'I didn't expect anything but a tough match.

Korda said he woke feeling

"I was playing tennis all night in my mind. I was dreaming of my match against Sam-pras," Korda said. "I woke up optimistic because I felt fitter than expected. I wasn't feeling great, but not that bad either. "I hope that now I can do

winning here last year." The Grand Slam Cup victory last year launched Stich's ascent that made 1993 the best

next year what Stich did after

year of his career. He began the year as No. 15, but rose to No. 2 after winning six titles on all four surfaces.

His consolation for losing the final was \$812,500.

Parma win keeps European soccer alight

PARIS (AFP) — Parma reignited the Italian title race Sunday just as rival European soccer championships prepared to close down for the winter.

Alessandreo Melli scored

twice as Parma inflicted AC Milan's second blow of the weekend with a 4-0 win at Cagliari. After losing the World Club Championship to Sao Paulom Milan saw top spot in Serie A reclaimed by Parma.

The German and Spanish championships are proving just as tight though Paris St. Ger-main should go into next weekend's French closedown

with a healthy lead.

The 23-year-old Melli hit two second half goals as the new Italian leaders crushed Cagliari. Colombian international Faustino Asprilla hit the first and Zola the fourth.
Parma head the table on a

better goal difference, but Milan have a game in hand.-Meanwhile, Paul Gascoigne made a successful comeback for Lazio with the final goal in their 3-1 triumph over

European Soccer

Juventus.

The England star, sidelined since Sept. 19, was playing for his future in a Lazio squad overloaded with foreigners. Guiseppe Signori and Allen

Boksic gave Lazio a winning lead and Gascoigne scored the third goal in the final minute of the first match he has played from start to finish this season.

Gascoigne said he is determined to make a go of his career at Lazio. Sunday's victory boosted his chances of winning his battle for acceptance in Italy, pushed Lazio into sixth place and thwarted Juventus' chance to go top of

"Gascoigne has finally showed his true identity," said Lazio President Sergio Cagnotti. "When he, Boksic and Signori are playing like this we can show our potential and do

great things."
Inter Milan stopped Sampdoria going out alone at the top with a 3-0 win at San Siro

Stadium. Goals from Sergio

Battistini, Vladimir Jugovic, in his own net, and a second half penalty by Dennis Bergkamp out Internazionale level with Juventus on points.

Ulf Kirsten kept Bayer. Leverkusen on top of the German League in the final round of matches before the Christmas break.

Kirsten fired home an equaliser from ten vards less than a minute after the visitors had taken the lead through Senegal's Souleymane Sane.

Leverkusen head the league on goal difference from Ein-tracht Frankfurt, who stopped the rot after three consecutive home defeats with a 1-1 draw away to fourth-placed FC Kaiserlautern.

Stefan Kuntz celebrated his call-up to the national side earlier in the week with a superbly taken volley to put the home side ahead after only two minutes.

Kuntz, 21, has forced his

way into Bertie Vogts plans for the World Cup finals next year by topping the scoring charts. Saturday's stunning strike was his 15th of the season. Ein-tracht defender Manfred Binz equalised with a superb free kick into the top corner in the 18th minute.

Bayern Munich missed the chance to join the leaders on 25 points after managing only a I-I draw with lowly Dynamo

Bundesliga champions Werder Bremen lie fifth but there was a distinct European Cup hangover in their performance against bottom-of-the-table

After Uwe Bredow scored in the 26th minute. Dresden were heading for only their third win of the season when Bernd Hobsch — one of the heroes of Bremen's extraordinary comeback for a 5-3 European Champions Cup win against Anderlecht — popped up to equalise six minutes after the

break. Santaelena Alfredo's scored the only goal of the game for Deportivo La Coruna against Tenerife to keep his side top of the Spanish table.

20-year-old Nigeriaa Tijani

Bahangida getting the only

Former Aberdeen player Hans Gilhaus boosted Vitesse

Arnhem into third place with a

hat-trick in their 4-1 win over Groningen. PSV Eindhoven

beat Volendam 3-0 to stay

Germain ensured they would

complete the year without a single defeat with a 2-0 win

Artur Jorge's side extended their lead at the top of the

table to six points as closest

rivals Bordeaux went down to

the Parc since Olympique

Marseille beat them 1-0 on

Dec. 18 last year, took two points from Strasbourg with

goals from France stars Paul Le Guen and David Ginola.

Bordeaux with a 3-1 win away

stir by reaching the CAF Cup

semifinals, go to Cameroon,

where they upset Canon Yaounde this year.

Fast Africa's most famous

Paired in the first round, the

giants from Kampala and

Nairobi must have honed for

gentler starts to a competition

catering for League Cham-

Meanwhile Nakiyubo Villa

Marseille moved level with

PSG, who have not lost at

a 2-1 defeat at Cannes.

over Strasbourg.

French League leaders Saint

fourth.

Bordeaux's midfielder Zinedine Zidane (left) heads the ball past Cannes defender Philippe Raschke (centre) and his Bordeaux teammate

Christophe Duggary during their French first division soccer match in the French Riviera city

at bay Barcelona and helped purge the disappointment of the UEFA Cup loss to Ein-

tracht Frankfurt in midweek. Basrcelona thrashed coachless Valencia 4-0, Valencia, who recently parted company with Dutch coach Guus Hiddink, fell to goals from Hristo Stoichkov, two from Jose Bakero, and a late Ronald

Koeman penalty. Real Madrid's conceded point at home with a goalless draw against Sevilla, allowed Sporting Gijon, who heat Real Sociedad 3-2, to snatch third

After 15 matches, the championship is one of the closest in Europe. Only seven points separate leaders Deportivo and Racing Santander, in 10th place. Just six points are be-tween Real Zaragoza, 11th, and bottom club Lerida.

Ajax Amsterdam took advantage of Feyenoord's shock defeat to take control of

the Dutch championship. Ajax beat Willem II Tilburg 3-1, with leading scorer Jari Litmanen getting his 17th league goal of the season, to go

two points clear.

of Cannes (AFP photo) Hans Van Arum put Willem at Le Havre with new Brazilian

ahead in the first half but then striker Da Silva Andersonscored an own goal that scoring (wice. sparked the Ajax recovery. The French League closes Feveenoord were beaten 1-0 by Roda JC Kerkrade with down atter next Saturday's

matches. Benfica's 1-0 win at Estrela -Amadora kept them two points clear of Sporting Lisbon in Portugal. But the leaders are having a stormy time off the .

Several journalists claimed they were beaten up at the Bentica annual meeting Satur-day night. The Bentica committee resigned over the club's deep financial problems. The . journalist claimed they were; then attacked by people at the meeting complaining about the , way revelations about the club,

had been reported. Anderlecht, tour points, clear in Belgium, dropped only, their fifth point of the season inc-

drawing 1-1 at Cercle Brugge

TODAY Night Ladies | Lady's for Ladies | Surprises for Ladies and AFC Leopards, two of clubs, were cursing their luck after the CAF Cup draw. PLEASE CALL FOR RESERVATION

there, he was making the big optimistic.

unless he falls.

Mayer turns the formbook upside down VAL D'ISERE, France (R) -Young Austrian Christian Mayer turned the formbook upside down as he waltzed to his first World Cup victory

Monday in a men's giant slattlem which saw the favourites finish nowhere. The 21-year-old Mayer, who came through from fourth place after the first run, had never been on a victory dium before and nor had

German Tobias Barnerssoi, who finished second. While the little-known skiers rejoiced in their unexpected triumph, favourites of circuit such as Alberto Tomba and Marc Girardelli were left lick-

ng their wounds. Tomba, Olympic champion in the discipline and winner of a Slalom in Canada last week, had a poor first run to place 16th and fared worse in the second to settle for 17th spot over the two legs.

KYOTO, Japan (AFP).— Yuri

Arbachakov of Russia beat

Cha Nam-Hoon of South

Korea on a unanimous points decision to retain his World Boxing Council (WBC) flyweight title here Monday.

the Korean for most of the fight, knocking the WBC's

Arbachakov overwhelmed

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold:

•KJ ♥84 ◆AKJ1054 ◆985

Partner opens the bidding with a
22-24 point two no trump. What do

Q.2—As South, vulnerable, you

♠KJ65 ♥AJ ◊876 ♠A1062

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South

you hold:

•KJ6 VK4 CAQ10652 484

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 Pass 1 Pass

1 Pass ?

Q.4—As South, vulnerable, you

Cinema

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 + Pass 1 + Pass
1 NT Pass 7

What do you bid now?

What do you bid now?

The Italian's lackiustre performance was a stark contrast

Girardelli, five times overall World Cup winner, suffered an even greater indignity when he finished more than three seconds slower than first-run qualify for the second leg.

Mayer's excellent second run helped him to break the two-and-a-half minute barrier for the two legs as he finished in 2:29.96. Barnerssoi was second, 0.20 seconds behind, and Swiss Michael Von Gruenigen third, a further 0.06 seconds down.

There was little joy for the other race favourites. Austrian Guenther Mader, winner of Sunday's super-G, was handily placed in third after the first

fourth-ranked challenger to

the canvas in the 11th round.

"I wanted to win it by a knock

out in the final round, but I

couldn't and it ended in a

kov's right straight to the face

staggered him and drew blood.

≜AQJ3 ♥J762 ♦9 **♣KQJ**6

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

≜K10873 ♥A74 065 ♣AQ8

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South

you hold: ◆542 ♥K3 ♥KQ9872 ◆K5

Tel.: 634144

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass 2 Pass
2 NT Pass ?

The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 2 Pass 2 4 Pass

The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 ₱ Pass 1 ♡ Pass

What do you bid now?

What do you bid now?

Cha was in trouble from the third round when Arbacha-

points decision," he said.

Arbachakov retains title

GOREN BRIDGE

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

run but hit his left ski on a pole in the second and went off to his normal death-or-glory course. style which usually guarantees him a place in the top three World champion Kietil-

Andre Aamodt of Norway had a disastrous first run in which he was only 13th quickest and, despite a good second effort, had to settle for seventh. But Mader's untimely exit

gave the Norwegian an unexpected chance to move into the lead in this year's overall World Cup standings.

France's Frank Piccard, winner of the opening giant slalom of the season at Soelden, Austria, looked to be heading for another victory until the final 20 metres of his second run. Second after the first leg, Piccard was ahead at all the

intermediate times but a bad mistake at the bottom of the couurse cost him badly and he had to be content with fourth place.

Egypt's Al Ahli favoured to win Cup-Winners' Cup JOHANNESBURG (AFP) --Al Ahli are overwhelming

favourites to win the African Cup-Winners' Cup a record fifth time next year following the ban on top side Africa Sports National. The Egyptians have been paired with St. George of

Ethiopia in the first round, and any result other than a convincing victory for the Cairo club is inconceivable. While Al Ahli were crushing all before them in this year's

Nelson Mandela Cup, culminating in a 2-1 aggregate vic-tory over Ivory Coast's Africa Sports. St. George made an early exit from Africa.

Drawn against modest Tanzanians Malindi in the preliminary round of the Champions. Cup. St. George could

only draw at home and lose the return game. The ban on Ivorian and

Deportivo's 1-0 victory kept

Ghanaian clubs following the violent aftermath to a cup tie between their champions last October, rules out Africa Sports, the 1992 winners. A search for potential

club like Sudan's Al Hilal. Zambia's Power Dynamos or Nkana and Nigeria's BCC Al Hilal. Champions' Cup runners-up in 1987 and 1992.

intents to all and unearths

play Rwanda's Rayon Sports at home first, an advantage which should ensure a winning lead. -The club representing Zam-

bia should encounter few problems against Swaziland's Eleven Men In Flight, coached by former Zambian star Jani Simulambo, or Botswana's Township Rollers: BCC Lions, winners in 1990

and runners-up one year later. should prove too strong for Burkina Faso's As Fonctionnaires De Bodo-Dioulasso. Algeria have not fulfilled expectations in the Cup-Winners'

Cup for many years, and Na Hussein Dev must be wary of Mali's Djoliba, a side with more experience of African combat. Zaire's DC Motema Pembe.

semifinalists once and outarterfinalists twice in the last three years, stay in Central Africa for a clash with outsiders Anges De Fatima.

Unknown Angolans Atletico Sport Aviacao, who caused a

Villa were runners-up to Nigeria's Shooting Stars in

pionship runners-up.

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museum

BUDAPEST (AFP)

Artworks and religious objects worth hundreds of millions of

dollars have been stolen from

Europe's largest Jewish museum in Budapest, a Hungarian Jewish leader säid.

"Irreplaceable treasures were taken, including gold and silver works of art from the 1600s,

the 1700s and the 1800s, some

of which we never had copies of made," said Gusztav Zoltai, the head of the Federation of

Jewish Parishes in Hungary.

An accurate list of the objects

stolen was yet to be put

together and could take weeks

to compile, he said. The burg-

lary was carried out sometime

between Friday night and dawn Sunday, he added. Police

said that because of the size of

the building a permanent police guard did not notice the burglars, who probably climbed scaffolding around

41 Palestinians return home with security mandate

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

KING HUSSEIN BRIDGE - Forty-one Palestinian veterans of the six-year-old intifada returned to the occupied West Bank on Monday with a different mandate - protecting Palestinian leaders and "national institu-

The group, the second batch of Palestinian guards trained in Jordan, did not carry any arms. Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials said Israel did not permit them to carry

weapons or wear uniforms. But they are expected to be allowed to carry light arms once they formally take up their responsibilities as the vanguard of what could turn out to be a rough Palestinian equivalent of the U.S. Secret

Service. Critics of the Israel-PLO accord described the group as the nucleus of a "Palestinian

preventive security force." The youth, most of them in their early 20s, were all be-lieved to be members of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's

Fateh group.
But none of them would publicly acknowledge their affiliations. "We represent all Palestinians," was the standard answer.

All have served terms in Israeli jails for intifada-re-lated activities and some of them bore visible marks of the treatment they got under Israeli hands, their spokes-

The batch of 41 — all of

them from the West Bank arrived in Amman three months ago and underwent training under the supervision of Jordanian security forces, including the Armed Forces, members of the group said.

They will be assigned to protect key Palestinian leaders, including some of the delegates to peace talks with Israel, and guard Palestinian buildings, including the Orient House in East Jeru-salem, the headquarters of the peace negotiating team. Colonel Ali Bedewi. a

military attache at the Palestine embassy here, said the batch was not part of a prop-osed 15,000-strong Palestinian police force expected to be deployed in the occupied Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho & under the Sept. 13 Israel-PLO autonomy accord.

"This is not the first batch tof Palestinian security guards) to be trained in Jor-dan, and this will not be the last either." said Col. Bedewi. "Under an agreement reached between His Majesty (King Hussein) and his brother Yasser Arafat, the Jordanian security forces have opened the door (for Palestinians) to be trained as security men.

The group that headed for the West Bank Monday was the second batch of guards. The first batch, of 27 guards. left two months ago after

Col. Bedewi, seeing off the batch of guards cross this rickety bridge over the mur-



on their way home Monday (Photo by Yousef Al Some of 41 Palestinian security guards flash V as they are about to cross the King Hussein Bridge

key water of the narrow River Jordan, blamed Israel for the delay in the implementation of the autonomy accord, under which the Jewish state was to start a four-month withdrawal from the Gaza

Strip and Jericho on Monday. 'It has been our bitter experience over the decades that Israel does not honour its promises," Col. Bedewi told reporters with his back to the Israeli soldiers keeping watch from their bunkers across the river.

Mr. Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin met in Cairo on Sunday, but they failed to break the deadlock in Israel-PLO negotiations over the size of Jericho area, who will control the exit and entry points of the autonomous territories and security for Jewish settlers in the territories.

Col. Bedewi said part of the proposed Palestinian force was ready to move into Jericho and Gaza as soon as Israel gave the green signal. But he did not know when that would come. national duty. In the meantime, the new

guards," who once led the intifada and fought Israeli soldiers and Palestinian "collaborators" alike, appeared to relish their new role.

Milling around in the cour-tyard of the immigration and customs clearance building in South Shuneh, the youths. some of them wearing the distinct black and white chequered Palestinian headdress, also seemed impatient to get back to their homes.
"We are very happy to go

back to our homeland and serve our national cause." said Marwan Al Ghoul. a 25-year-old from the Silwan neighbourhood of Jerusalem.

Asked how the youth felt in their switched roles from stonethrowers and enforcers of the intifada to guardians of security - Jihad Al Abbasi, an apparent leader of the group, said: "The intifada was a national duty and what we are going to do in our homeland is also a "We are ready to assume

our responsibilities when there is an agreement and when the (proposed) Palesti-nian National Authority (PNA) takes over," added Mr. Abbasi, a native of Ramallah in the West Bank. Where they active during

the intifada before the peace process and the Sept. 13 accord changed their course? "Yes, every one of us was very active and has gone to prison frequently." Jamal Sharaga of the Deir Al

Ammar area of Ramallah

with obvious pride. Imad Al Dafi, a short and thin youth from the Jalazoun refugee camp in Ramallah. said the group would carry arms if Israel and the PLO made a "political decision" to

that effect. "Once this is sorted out, and the Palestinian authority under Yasser Arafat gives us weapons, we will carry them," he said.

 Somali warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed's faction said Monday that a plan by his rivals to go ahead and form an interim government without him was a recipe for renewed

ADDIS ABABA (Agencies)

Abab.

Monday in his Addis Ababa Mahdi Mohammad collapsed.

the Ethiopian capital for internationally-brokered talks last week would give him a lift back to Mogadishu on Tuesday.

whose militia killed more than two dozen American peacekeepers, says it will not give Gen. Aideed the free ride

"Gen. Aideed came to Addis Ababa because the American government agreed to provide security and transport. We expect them to live up to their word and take him

TNC cannot be delayed any large because a few groups like the SNA do not agree," said Mowlid Maan Mohamoud,

chief of the Bantu-based Somali Africans Muki Organisation.

An agreement on formation of the TNC was made at U.N.brokered conference in the

Somalis say the U.N. is pushing for the Jan. 15 dead-line. Mr. Ali Mahdi flew back to his stronghold in north Mogadishu on Sunday, pparently to prepare to meet

More U.S. soldiers are to leave Somalia by the end of the week amid fears that civil war will resume after the breakdown of peace talks between rival factions in Addis Ababa. U.S military spe Colonel Steve Rausch said here Monday the 2nd battalioin of the 14th infantry regiment would be the first U.S.

the ground and 9,000 off the Somali coast. All U.S. troops are to leave the country by the

Vatican-Israel diplomatic talks nearly completed

VATICAN CITY (R) — The Vatican said Monday a joint commission set up to establish diplomatic relations between the Holy See and Israel had almost completed its work.

(The Vatican) can only confirm the bilateral commission has nearly completed the work foreseen and is now finetuning some details," a statement said.

The statement was issued in response to news reports from Israel that an agreement leading to the establishment of full diplomatic relations would most likely be signed on Dec.

The statement did not mention any date for the expected signing but said the Vatican had kept its side of the bargain to keep details of the negotitions secret.

The agreement is also expected to clear the way for a visit by Pope John Paul to the Jewish state.
Diplomatic sources close to

the negotiations said last month the agreement would most likely be signed by the end of the year or early January to coincide with the 30th anniversary of the late Pope Paul VI's Jan. 4-7, 1964 visit to the Holy Land.

Diplomatic ties will be major step in improving relations between Catholic and Jews around the world after 2,000 years of friction.

The joint commission was set up in 1992 and negotiations

moved more rapidly than expected after last September's peace accord between Israel Artworks stolen and the Palestine Liberation from Budapest

Organisation (PLO) on Palestinian autonomy. The commission has reached a fundamental agreement on 14 points such as the legal status of the church in Israel or its territories, religious tour-

ism, taxation and a joint stand

against anti-Semitism. Issues such as international guarantees for Jerusalem and the Palestinian question were left to the Middle East peace talks. The Vatican, which supports a Palestinian homeland. has always recognised Israel's right to exist within secure borders.

But it wanted progress on the Palestinian question and guarantees for Jerusalem as a city sacred to the three great monotheistic religions — Juda-ism, Christianity, and Islam — before agreeing to full di-plomatic recognition.

Sources have said that when the accord is signed the Pope and Israeli President Ezer Weizman wili most likely exchange personal representatives before the formal appointment of ambassadors. This will allow time for sub-

committees to work out legal technicalities — such as the church's tax status in Holy Land — and give the Israeli parliament time to ratify the agreement.

central Europe's largest syna-gogue to get inside the museum. The national police chief visited the scene and launched an major investigation," Mr. Zoltai said.

spending more

on looking good

British men

LONDON (R) - British men are splashing out on looking good, buying nearly 50 per cent more toiletries and cosmetic products than five years ago, according to a survey re-leased Monday. Marketing analysts Mintel found more than eight in 10 men now use deodorants. Men aged under 35 are the biggest users. Fiftysix per cent of men thought it was just as important for men to look after their skin as women. But Mintel suggested many must be raiding women's make-up bags to treat their wrinkles. Male consumers spend only £6 million (\$9 million) a year on skincare products compared with the £446 million (\$667 million) spent by women. "The guys, it seems, are dipping into their partner's products instead of buying their own," said Mintel.

Hong Kong, Taiwan stars 'blinding China's youth

BELJING (AFP) — China's

entertainment sector is being invaded by overseas imports, especially the music and film industries, where overseas Chinese stars reign supreme, the influential Guangming Daily said Monday. The intellectuals' newspaper bemoaned the fact that among the 10 most popular singers and actors cited in a poll of middle school students in the eastern city of Nanjing, nine were from Hong Kong and Taiwan, "Stars from Hong Kong and Taiwan enjoy a cult status that is blindly followed by Chinese adoles-cents," the newspaper said, pointing to the unwillingness of trade magazines to publish articles criticising the popularity of overseas Chinese idols. Hong Kong and Taiwan singers gave 32 concerts in Shanghai alone in 1992, and 28 in the first 10 months of this year, it added. The article follows hot on the heels of official condemnation last month of overseas Chinese pop stars who arranged immensely profitable concert tours in mainland China and then left without paying any taxes on their earnings. A government circular issued in November banned local sponsors from offering such stars illegal packages under which the sponsors agree to pay the taxes and then use their influence with local officials to have the sums

Buffet problems anger Russian voters

MOSCOW (R) — Russian vo-

ters in the Far Eastern city of Chita had to wait for their post-election beer Sunday while buffet staff scrubbed off campaign slogans from bottles, ITAR-TASS news agency reported. The slogans in support of a local candidate for the Federal Council (upper house) of parliament, were found to violate election law which bans campaigning on polling day.

Post-election cheap refreshments at the polling station were traditional in Soviet times as an incentive to voters to turn out, but cash-strapped authorities in many places have stopped providing them. in Vladivostok, also in the Far East. TASS reported anger among voters who found high prices at

Hungary seeks new premier

BUDAPEST (Agencies) — Hungarian politicians started searching on Monday for a new prime minister to fill the leadership vacuum created by the death of Jozsef Antall.

Mr. Antail, 61, died on Sunday of complications from his long battle against cancer, leaving no heir apparent. The leadership of his Hunga-

rian Democratic Forum (HDF) arty was meeting Monday night to discuss who to propose to President Aroad Goncz as candidate for the premiership.

One party source suggested acting Prime Minister Peter Boross, a loyal Antall lieutenant who headed the government while the premier spent weeks in hospital fighting cancer, was shaping up as the most

likely successor. "I would say that the main value of HDF politics was continuity and predictability." the source answered when asked whether Mr. Boross was likely to remain the party's leader.

Other party officials have

also stressed the need to pur-

sue the course Mr. Antall had set toward a fuller democracy. But some have said in the past that HDF founding fathers may veto Mr. Boross,



Jozsef Antali who joined the party only last year and has not carved out a wide power base among the

rank and file. Analysts said the nomination would be heavily influenced by a document naming Mr. Antall's personal preferences, the existence of which was revealed Monday by Sandor Lezsak, deputy leader of

Mr. Antall is to be buried on Saturday, which parliament on Monday proclaimed a day of

national mourning. His testament, which is in the possession of Mr. Antall's family, was due to be revealed to the HDF's executive committee Monday. Its contents have not been revealed, but it contains specific recommendations. Hungarian radio said.

Oadhafi invites hardliners for talks

TRIPOLI (Agencies) — Li-byan leader Moammar Qadha-fi has invited Palestinian leaders opposed to the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy accord and heads of the militant Irish Republican Army (IRA) to meet him for talks.

·Colonel Qadhafi said at a rally in Al Azizia about 40 kilometres south of Tripoli: "Since they (Western leaders) won't negotiate with them I invite Abu Nidal (head of the Fateh Revolutionary Council) and Ahmad Jibril (head of the Popular Front for the Libera-Command) to come to Libya. "I will meet them in person and in public," he said, in the

address broadcast on Libyan Col. Qadhafi also issued a public invitation to IRA leaders to visit Libya for "talks and

meetings.' "I am ready to meet the IRA's leaders to advise them not to commit terrorist acts and to publicly support their legitimate and sacred cause."

he added. He said he was willing to meet Mr. Jibril "all other leaders of the Palestinian resistwhom he described as ance.

"noble." "I don't accept your terrorist acts but I support your strug-Col. Qadhafi accused Britain of having negotiated secretly with the IRA, saying any contacts he has with the militant group would be open and public

"Ireland has a right to be free and unifed," he added. 'Why haven't we got the right to meet the leaders of the Palestinian people and those of the people of Ireland," he asked, charging that Western leaders had deceived the Islamic World by meeting British author Salman Rushdie.

Former Iranian spiritual guide Ayatollah Khomeini issued a death sentence against Mr. Rushdie in 1989 following the publication of his book "Satanic Verses." which was condemned by Muslims as

blasphemous. The official Libyan news agency (JANA) said Arab delegations representing parties, organisations and popular groups began arriving in Tripoli to take part in the fourth session of "the democratic, revolutionary Arab dialogue" on

JANA listed names of delegates including many old-time radical leftists and Lebanese militia leaders set to attend the meeting entitled "for a united Arab popular revolutionary

movement. Col. Qadhafi lambasted the United Nations Security Council, which this month toughened sanctions on Libya after it refused to hand over two suspects wanted for trial in the West over the 1988 bombing of Pan, Am flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scotland.

"The Security Council has humiliated the United Nations and destroyed its legitimacy,' said Col. Qadhafi who was surrounded on his arrival in Aziziya by thousands of people waving banners and chanting slogans.
"Down, down with sanc-

tions," shouted some of the crowd, pressed up against Col. Qadhafi's open-topped car. Down with the Security and they added.

At least one person was carried away after collapsing in the crush around Col. Qadha-

fi's car. In addition to handing over the alleged Lockerbie bombers for trial either in Britain or the United States, Libya is required to cooperate with a French inquiry into the 1989 mid-air bombing of a UTA airliner over Niger. Because of Libya's refusal to

comply, the council adopted a new resolution last month extending the sanctions.

The resolution requires all countries to close their airspace to flights to and from Libya, to prohibit any arms deals with Tripoli and to reduce the size and level of Libyan diplomatic missions.

"It would provoke a fresh round of conflicit," General Aideed's deputy Abdul Karim

Aideed faction warns

of fresh Somali war

Ahmad Ali said in Addis Gen. Aideed himself spent

hotel room, a day after efforts to get him into face to face talks with his bitter rival Ali He was also hoping that a U.S. aircraft which flew him to

The United States, facing

back home.

home," said Mr. Abdul Karim. One ally of self-styled President Ali Mahdi told Reuters that whether Gen. Aideed's Somalia National Alliance (SNA) came on board or not, other factions would form a transitional national council by Jan. 15. "The establishment of

Ethiopian capital last March.

the deadline.

The SNA, which says the U.N. is biased, remained firm. That is impossible... a TNC without the participation of the SNA is unthinkable," said Mr. Abdul Karim.

combat unit to leave. Some 650 troops will fly out Friday or Saturday, while their material will leave the country by sea. Loading will begin Tuesday, Mr. Rausch said.

Defence Secretary Les Aspin said in Washington Sunday that 2,500 U.S. troops would be back in the United States in time for Christmas. while the rest would be withdrawn by March 31, as promised by President Bill Chinton. The U.S. contingent here numbers around 8,000 men on

Reformists give slow but steady shape to democratic Palestinian entity

By Wafa Amr

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - A new "centrist" democratic movement is taking strong roots among Palestinians inside and outside the occupied territories with the aim of establishing an open, secular, liberalised Palestinian entity in the occupied territories. Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials said Monday.

The officials said that the movement was beginning to gain momentum, leading to the formation of informal and formal groups calling for a democratic society.

The Palestinian leadership, they said, should make use of this "democratic awareness, and allow it to participate in shouldering the burdens of the difficult task ahead of building a Palestinian entity. Nabil Amr, an advisor to PLO Chairman Yasser Ara-

fat, said political considera-

tions which dictated the

Palestinian decision-making

process prior to the Sept. 13 PLO-Israel accord could no longer prevail. New realities have been created after the accord, which require new terms of reference, he said. The PLO leadership has come under sharp criticism

for the slow transition from a

revolution to the building of a

state. PLO officials have

gone public in voicing discon-tent with the way the lead-ership has been directing the Palestinian-Israeli peace talks and in implementing the

Sept. 13 accord. Many prominent PLO officials, including Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas who signed the accord in Washington, have been excluded and distanced from the decisionmaking process.

Some PLO officials chose to remain passive, while others have decided to push for a democratic, centrist movement that would act as a pressure group on the PLO leadership, reduced to the person of Mr. Arafat.

This group echoes the sentiments of many Palestinians who support the peace process and hope measures would be taken to ensure its success, despite the limitations imposed by the accord.

"The Palestinian-Israeli declaration of principles would place us on the path to independence or on the path to hell, and the outcome depends on Palestinian performance in implementing the accord," Bashir Bar-

ghouti, leader of the Palestinian People's Party, said. Officials said growing concern over the possibility of failing to seize the "historic" opportunity to set up a Palestinian authority has prompted many Palestinians to act as internal opposition in order to pressure the leadership into democratising.
"A third Palestinian force

has emerged and is growing in number." Mr. Amr said. "It is neither submissive to the PLO leadership nor is it the traditional opposition.'

Mr. Amr is among those who initiated a reformist movement within the PLO demanding democratisation and a departure from unplanned haphazard ways in directing the Israeli-Palestinian negotiations on im-plementing the PLO-Israel accord.

A memorandum was drafted by the Palestinian People's Party, and a number of independent PLO officials and was later joined by the Palestinian democratic movement (FIDA), criticising the PLO leadership's performance in implementing the accord and lack of negotiat-

ing strategy. Mr. Amr said the reformists, who support the September accord emphasise their loyalty to the PLO and its institutions, had sent the memorandum to Mr. Arafat and the Executive Committee on Sunday after collecting 140 signatures from prominent Palestinians.

He said the memorandum

was attached to a one-page letter addressed to Mr. Arafat asking him to respond positively to the reformists' demands and to officially discuss the memorandum in the next meeting of the Executive Committee,

The letter also requested from the leadership initiating a dialogue with the reformists in order to take follow up measures that would ensure democratisation. "We will persist in our demands until we achieve democratic reforms," Mr. Amr said. "The previous pattern of the Palestinian political reality which was divided

between loyalty to the leadership or opposition to it should come to an end.' Other PLO officials and independent Palestinian figures agree that a new Palestinian reality has been created by the peace deal which the Palestinian lead-

ership cannot ignore. Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi resigned last week from her official PLO post to set up a human rights commission to monitor the PLO-run self-authority. Dr. Ashrawi publicly backed the PLO's reform movement

from the start. The PLO leadership is being slowly isolated by its actions, and public doubts

about the leadership's commitment to democratisation as well as Dr. Ashrawi's resignation should be seriously considered and dealt with immediately," a Tunis-based PLO official said.

The democracy movement is not been limited to intellectuals. Officials said it stems from the grassroots, especially inside the occupied territories. It includes all the different sectors of society as well. "They all want to work genuinely in building their state, and the old terms of reference which allows a small group of leaders or their loyal followers the run te show would no longer be acceptable," a PLO official

The PLO's mainstream Fateh faction, led by Mr. Arafat, has also been very critical of the leadership's performance in directing peace talks with Israel. Young Fateh leaders inside the occupied territories sent a letter to Mr. Arafat, spelling out Fateh's new political line, adopted by the movement's Revolutionary Council last month. Fateh's new slogan has become democratisation, the sovereignty of law and placing the right person in the right job in the nation-build-

ing process. Mr. Arafat, who has come

under increasing internal pressure to liberalise and to activate the PLO institutions, has succumbed to pressures from some of his Executive Committee members to approve a draft of the Palestinian authority's provisional constitution which emphasises democracy and general freedoms.

Executive Committee member Jamal Sourani and

several members of the legal

committee in the Palestine National Council (PNC) met in Amman last week with Palestinian legal experts to discuss the draft charter. Mr. Sourani told the Jordan Times that the committee would submit the draft constitution and the experts' comments to the Executive

"The importance of the provisional charter is that it guarantees general freedoms. human rights, democracy, and the sovereignty of law,"

Committee soon for ratifica-

he said. The PLO official added that the charter was not permanent. It would be functional until July, when general elections are expected to be carried out in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"The objective of ratifying this charter is to emphasise the democratic nature of the

Palestinian authority which will take over from Israel in the occupied territories, and to specify the authorities of the Palestinian government," he added. "It guarantees freedoms to individuals, democracy to the whole people, as well as guarantees that institutions

and not individuals will run the Palestinian entity," Mr. Sourani said. That is why the charter has specified that the president's term to five years, renewable for another term only, he

"Our only guarantee is democratisation because we are about to build a state and not fighter militias," Mr. Sourani noted. "The military battle requires a leader, and the building battle requires the participation of all the qualified persons and ensuring that non-autocratic means do not prevail."

Dr. Sourani, however, blamed PLO factions for Mr. Arafat's "autocratic" leadership and for allowing him to continue unquestioned in the past.
"We want a state for the

liberals and not a detention centre, and it is up to the people to impose reforms and compel the leadership to abide by their rules," Mr. Sourani said.

